FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006



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Table of Contents

.	Page
INTR	ODUCTORY SECTION Letter of Transmittal4
FINA	NCIAL SECTION
	Independent Auditors' Report8
	Management's Discussion and Analysis
	Basic Financial Statements: Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Assets
	Statement of Activities21
	Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund27
	Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds28
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Funds
	Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds32
	Notes to the Financial Statements
	Combining Statements and Schedules: Combining Balance Sheet – Non-major Governmental Funds
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-major Governmental Funds
	Combining Statement of Net Assets – Non-major Enterprise Funds71
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Non-major Enterprise Funds72
	Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Non-major Enterprise Funds73

Table of Contents (Continued)

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds: Schedule by Source	75
Schedule by Function and Activity	76
Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity	78
FEDERAL AND STATE REPORTS	
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	80
Report on Compliance with State Fiscal Laws	82
Schedule of Findings and Recommendations	
Response to Schedule of Findings and Recommendations	
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Notes to Statistical Section	88
Impact Fee Summary	90

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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City of Hurricane

Larry LeBaron **Ethelyn Humphries** Mike Jensen **Dave Sanders**

Clark R Fawcett

Thomas B Hirschi

Glenwood Humphries Council Members

City Manager

Mayor

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Hurricane, Utah

The comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Hurricane, Utah for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 is submitted herewith.

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM

The City's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis, with the revenues being recorded when available and measurable and expenditures being recorded when the liability is incurred. Accounting records for the City's utilities and other enterprises are maintained on the accrual basis.

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS

Revenues for general governmental functions totaled \$6,340,216 for 2005-06, an increase of \$561,905 from \$5,778,311 for fiscal year 2004-05. The following revenue sources are shown compared to fiscal year 2004-05.

REVENUE SOURCE	2004-2005	2005-2006	Increase (Decrease)
Property Taxes and Penalties	\$ 997,718	\$1,118,829	\$121,111
Sales Tax	1,228,967	1,503,173	274,206
Franchise Taxes	662,87 1	811,254	148,383
License and Permits	584,094	541,587	(42,507)
Intergovernmental Revenue	540,595	502,771	(37,824)
Charges and Services	945,025	1,234,696	289,671
Fines and Forfeitures	327,165	393,715	66,550
Other	491,876	<u>234,191</u>	(257,685)
Total	\$5,778,311	\$6,340,216	\$561,905

147 N 870 W * Hurricane, Utah 84737 Phone (435)635-2811 * Fax (435)635-4284 www.cityofhurricane.com

Taxable value of Real Property for 2006 is \$624,125,266 representing an increase of over the preceding year. This increase results from the continued growth in residential, commercial, and industrial areas. The Certified tax rate for 2006 is .002061%.

Expenditures for general governmental purposes totaled \$6,345,266 which was \$710,003 more than 2004-2005. Levels of expenditures for major functions of the city with a comparison to the preceding year are shown in the following tabulation. General Government includes: Mayor and City Council, Judicial, Clerk, Treasurer, Recorder, Non-Departmental, Buildings and Grounds, Elections, Planning and Zoning, and Professional Services expenses; Public Safety includes: Police Protection, Fire Department, Ambulance, Inspection and Animal Control; Highways and Public Improvements includes: Highways General, Class "C" Roads, Waste Disposal, and Airport; Parks, Recreation, and Public Property includes: Parks, Recreation, Swimming Pool, and Cemetery.

F	2004 2005	2005 2006	Increase
<u>Function</u>	2004-2005	2005-2006	(Decrease)
General Government	\$1,056,894	\$1,351,190	\$ 294,296
Public Safety	2,475,190	2,973,736	498,546
Highways & Public Imp.	1,157,837	1,054,444	(103,393)
Parks, Recreation &			
Public Property	550,342	65 4, 194	103,852
Transfer to Other Funds	395,000	311,702	(83,298)
Total	\$5,635,263	\$6,345,266	\$ 710,003

Enterprise Funds include: Electric Utilities, Water, Pressurized Irrigation, and the Sky Mountain Golf Course, Municipal Building Authority, and Drainage.

	<u>Electric</u>	<u>Water</u>	_(<u>Golf</u>
Revenues	\$7,993,212	\$3,174,206	\$ 1,	398,204
Expenses	<u>7,145,326</u>	1,678,819	_1,	391,184
Net Income	\$ 847,886	\$1,495,387	\$	7,020
			===	

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

Utah State Law requires an annual audit to be made of the books of account, financial records and transactions of all administrative departments of the City by independent certified public accountants selected by the City Council. This requirement has been complied with and the auditors' report has been included in this presentation.

EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The City of Hurricane participates in the Utah State Retirement system which covers all City, County, and State employees. The City contributes 11.09% of each salary to this system. The Police Department participates in the Public Safety Branch of the Utah State Retirement System. The City contributes 19.34% to the Public Safety System and 8.61% to the fireman's system. The City's contribution for the year ended June 30, 2006, was \$405,179.40. This included the Employees' voluntary contributions to the state 401K plan which all employees are eligible to participate in.

CLOSING STATEMENT

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the accounting staff of Hinton, Burdick, Hall & Spilker PLLC. I should also like to thank the members of the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully Submitted,

Clark R. Fawcett City Manager FINANCIAL SECTION



Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Hurricane, UT 84737 MEMBERS:
KRIS J. BRAUNBERGER
DEAN R. BURDICK
ROBERT S. COX
BRENT R. HALL
KENNETH A. HINTON
MORRIS J. PEACOCK
MICHAEL K. SPILKER
MARK E. TICHENOR

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hurricane City, Utah, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Hurricane City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hurricane City, Utah, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 20, 2006 on our consideration of Hurricane City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 10-19, is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Hurricane City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining statements and schedules, and statistical section listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Hinton, Burdick, Hall & Spilker, PLLC

HINTON, BURDICK, HALL & SPILKER, PLLC October 20, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Hurricane, we offer readers of the City of Hurricane's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Hurricane for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The total net assets of the City of Hurricane increased 18.47% to \$31,481,157.

The total net assets of \$31,481,157 are made up of \$17,969,729 in capital assets net of related debt and \$13,511,428 in other assets.

In the General Fund, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$306,652. \$311,702 was then transferred to other funds including Capital Project Funds to be used to fund additional capital projects. The total fund balance of the General Fund represents 15.68% of total budgeted expenditures for the next fiscal year ending fy2007.

Total long-term liabilities of the City are \$16,398,852.

Business-type activities total net assets increased \$2,601,865 or 14.43%.

REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Hurricane's basic financial statements. The City of Hurricane's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Hurricane's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

• The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City of Hurricane's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Hurricane is improving or deteriorating. However, you will also need to consider other nonfinancial factors.

• The statement of activities present information showing how the City's net assets changed during the fiscal year reported. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus all of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Hurricane that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Hurricane also uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds These funds are used to account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. These funds statements focus on how money follows into an out of these funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps users determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation included with the fund financial statements.
 - The only major government fund (as determined by generally accepted accounting principles) is the General Fund. The balances of the governmental funds are determined to be nonmajor and are included in the combining statements within this report.
- Proprietary funds These funds also known as Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Hurricane uses enterprise funds to account for its Electric Utility, Water Utility, Pressurized Irrigation Utility, Drainage System, Municipal Building Authority, and Golf Course. As shown in the financial statements, all enterprise funds except for Drainage and Pressurized Irrigation are classified as major funds. The Drainage and Pressurized Irrigation funds are

- classified as nonmajor and are included in the combing statements within this report.
- Fiduciary funds These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting method used for these funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator or a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Hurricane, assets exceed liabilities by \$31,481,157.

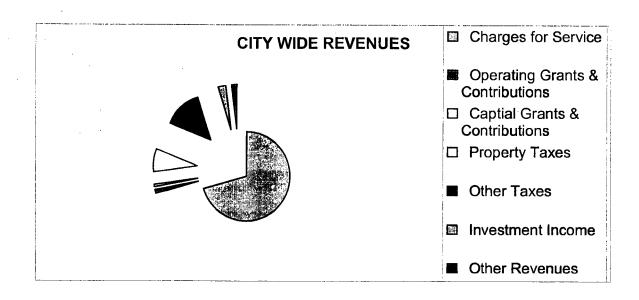
Capital assets comprise 64.89% of the net assets of the City. Capital assets consist of land, buildings, infrastructure assets, (roads, sidewalks, water and power lines, etc.) and machinery and equipment. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

·	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$7,427,136 <u>\$10,266,348</u>	\$10,977, 7 96 \$23,763,40 0
Total Assets	<u>\$17,693,484</u>	\$34,741,196
Long-term debt outstanding Other Liabilities	\$5,359,280 <u>\$1,485,707</u>	\$11,039,572 \$3,068,964
Total Liabilities	<u>\$6,844,987</u>	\$14 ,108,536
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets, net of Debt	\$5,053,192	\$12,916,537
Restricted Unrestricted	\$5,198,501 \$596,804	\$3, 489, 22 1 \$4, 226,902
Total Net Assets	<u>\$10,848,497</u>	\$20 ,632,660

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

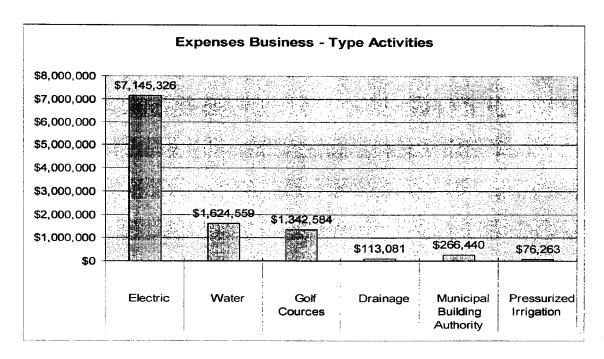
·	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities
Revenues:		
Program Revenues:		
Charges of Service	\$2,974,047	\$12,875,628
Operating Grants &		•
Contributions	\$315,293	
Capital Grants & Contributions	\$217,206	
Property Taxes	\$1,820,755	
Other Taxes	\$3,215,458	
Investment Income	\$246,736	\$3 49, 09 8
Other Revenues	<u>\$ 518,625</u>	<u>\$(54,606)</u>
Total Revenues	<u>\$9,308,120</u>	<u>\$13,170,120</u>
Expenses:		•
General government	\$1,183,897	
Public Safety	\$2,943,534	
Highways/Public Improvements	\$1,605,323	
Parks & recreation	\$747,983	
Economic Development	\$313,937	
Interest on Long-term Debt	\$207,794	AT 445 000
Electric		\$7,145,326
Water		\$1,624,559
Golf Courses		\$1,342,584
Drainage		\$113,081
Municipal Building Authority		\$266,440
Pressurized Irrigation		<u>\$76,263</u>
Total Expenses	<u>\$7,002,468</u>	<u>\$10,568,253</u>
Increase in Net Assets	\$2,305,652	\$2,601,867
Net Assets Beginning	<u>\$8,542,845</u>	<u>\$18,030,795</u>
Net Assets End	\$10,848,497	\$20,632,660

The following graphs display the government-wide activities for governmental activities reflected in the above tables.

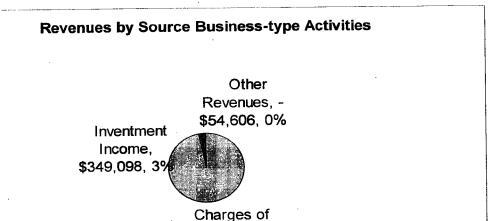


The largest revenue by far is charges for services. This is due to the number of proprietary funds whose main source of funding is service fees. The distribution of revenues is similar to prior years. The Charges for services have increased because of an increase in Electrical rates during the year. The remainder of the revenues should be consistent with prior years.

Total net assets in business-type activities increased by \$2,601,867. The Water Utility accounts for the largest portion of this with \$1,379.696 and the Electric Utility next at \$651,614.



As can be seen from the following chart, the majority of revenues in the business-type activities are in charges for services with over 98%, and with interest earnings of 3%. Investment interest is up 2% this year as the interest has begun to rise.



Service, \$12,875,628, 97%

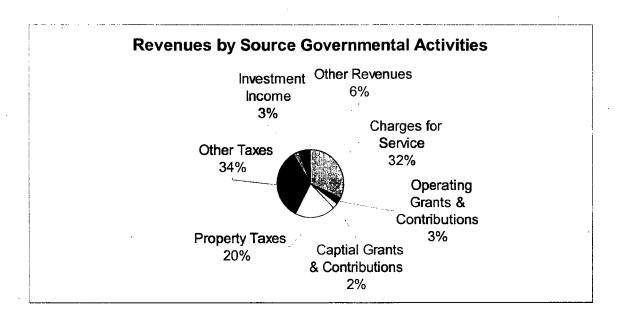
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENT FUNDS

The focus of the City's government funds is to provide information on near-term inflows; outflows and balances of spend able resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

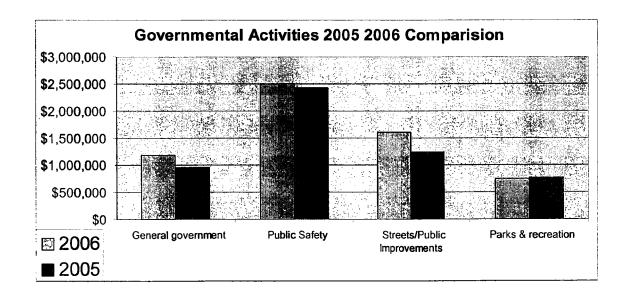
As of June 30, 2006, the City governmental funds (General, Capital Projects, Debt Service, & Special Revenue) reported combined fund balances of \$6,035,789. This represents an increase of \$1,473,682(32.2%) over last year's ending balances. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. All activities which are not required to be accounted for in separate funds either by state or local ordinance or by a desire to maintain a matching of revenues and expenses are accounted for in this fund. While revenues exceeded expenditures in the General Fund by \$306,652, \$311,702 was transferred to the Capital Projects fund for use on future capital projects. The General Fund fund balance decreased by \$5,050. An analysis of this total fund balance shows that it represents just over 15.68% of projected revenues for the new fiscal year which ends June 30, 2007.

Taxes continue to be the largest source of revenue in the General Fund and represent 50% of total general fund revenues. The largest element of taxes is sales taxes. It represents 43.85% of total tax revenues and represents 23.91% of total general fund revenues. This compares with 21.27% in the prior fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

The following charts display General Fund revenues as a percent of total revenues.



The following graphs display the expenditures in the General Fund by function for the past fiscal year. As can be seen by reviewing the graphs, the General and Administrative increased over \$200,000. This was due to increased insurance and engineering cost, and the addition of the beautification and meter reading budgets to Administration. The Parks and Recreation is fairly consistent between 2005 and 2006 showing a slight decrease of about \$16,000. The Streets & Public Improvements saw a largest increase in expenditures from 2005 to 2006. This increase amounts to \$367,729. This is due to an increased emphasis on street improvements. The Public Safety was fairly stable with a slight increase of \$65,240.



As stated earlier, the City maintains several enterprise funds to account for the business-type activities of the City. The separated fund statements included in this report provides the same information for business-type activities as is provided in the governmental-wide financial statements. However, the difference is that the fund statements provide much more detail.

The Electric Utility fund continued strong in its operations during the year with increased charges for services and impact fees. Total operating revenues increased \$886,374 or 14.37% during the year and the impact fees due to decreased growth decreased \$317,926 or 30.04%. Total expenditures increase by 12.71%, and the cost of power increased by 11.95%. The net results were that the utility posted an income of \$847,886 in 2006. The water utility fund had an increase in its net income from \$1,452,927 in 2005 to \$1,495,387, in 2006. This was due to increase water sales of 26.64%, and an increase in impact and connection fees of 10.30%. Operating expenses in the water fund increased 46%.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the fiscal year, the General Fund original budget was amended from an original budget expenditure total of \$5,665,358 to a final budget of \$6,264,763 (10.58%). These increases were made to take advantage of revenues being better than originally anticipated. The largest increase was to allow for the transfer of surplus revenues from the General Fund to the Capital Project Fund.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets – The City of Hurricane's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2006, amounts to \$34,029,748 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, infrastructure (streets, sidewalk, etc.), and machinery and equipment.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Construction of road widening, sidewalk, curb & gutter on 1300 South between 400 West and 920 West. This project was not finished until October 2007.
- Water distribution system improvements and electric distribution line improvements.

HURRICANE CITY'S CAPITAL ASSETS

(net of depreciation)

Governmental Activities

	В	usiness-type Activities
Water Stock		\$1,852,778
Land	\$4 ,580 ,07 3	\$ 2,40 4,8 44
Buildings	\$414,05 0	\$ 2,02 5,8 71
Infrastructure	\$3,780,918	\$8,921, 7 97
Machinery & Equipment	\$1,491,307	
Plant, Property, & Equipment		\$8,558,110
Total	\$10,266,348	\$23,763,4 00

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the footnotes to this financial report and also the supplemental section.

Long-term debt – At June 30, 2006, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$14,983,000. Of this amount \$1,502,000 is considered to be general obligation debt and backed by the full faith and credit of the City; \$565,000 is special assessment debt for which the City is liable in the event of default by the property owners subject to the assessment; \$2,430,000 is Redevelopment Agency debt backed by tax increment financing; and the remainder of \$10,486,000 is debt which is secured solely by specific revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

	Governmental Activities 2006	<u> 2005</u>	Business- type <u>Activities</u> 2006	<u>2005</u>
General Obligation Bonds	\$1,502,000	\$1,589,000		
RDA Bonds	\$2,415,792	\$2,769,240		
Capital Leases	\$730,364	\$ 972, 36 8	\$61,070	\$ 102 ,73 7
Notes Payable			\$492,501	\$ 521 ,88 0
Special Assessment Debt	\$565,000	\$1, 054, 00 0		
Revenue Bonds			\$10,293,2 92	\$11,058,350
Total Outstanding Debt	\$5,213,156	\$6, 384, 60 8	\$10 ,84 6 ,863	\$11,682 ,96 7

The City's total debt decreased by \$2,000,261 during the year. No new bonds were issued during the fiscal year.

State statues limit the amount of the general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 4% of its total taxable value. The current limitation for the City is \$24,965,010, which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt. In addition, state statute allows for an additional 4% to be used for water, sewer, or

electrical projects thus resulting in a debt limit of 8% of total taxable value. The current limitation for these water, sewer, and electrical projects is thus \$49,930,021, which again significantly exceeds the outstanding business-type activity debt.

Additional information on the outstanding debt obligations of the City can be found in the footnotes to this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- Unemployment in Washington County (of which Hurricane is the 3rd largest City) was 2.2% compared with a state unemployment rate of 2.8% and a national rate of 4.4%. This compares with a rate of 3.0% in 2005. (source: Utah Department of Workforce Services)
- The General Fund budget for the fiscal year-ending June 30, 2007 reflects an increase of 18.30% over the final budget for the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2006.
- Growth in construction of new homes decreased in 2005-06. Over 300 residential building permits were issued during the year. The 2000 census showed an average of 2.9 people per household in Hurricane, thus the increase in population during the year was around 900. The commercial construction was up in 2006. This is reflected in the total valuation of all building permits during the year. By June 30 2006 fiscal year end, the total valuation was up \$9,373,938 compared to June 30, 2005.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the city of Hurricane's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: City of Hurricane, City Manager, and 147 North 870 West, Hurricane, Utah 84737.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF HURRICANE, UTAH Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

Assets		vernmental Activities		isiness-type Activities	-	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,059,809	\$	5,662,995	\$	6,722,804
Receivables (net of allowance)	*	958,276	*	1,046,085	•	2,00 4,361
Inventory		,50,270		670,141		670,141
Prepaid Expense		_		62,3 04		62,304
Internal balances		145,657		(145,657)		02,504
Prepaids		237,585		(145,057)		237,585
Deferred Charges		14,208		192,707		206,915
Restricted assets:		11,200		1,2,,0,		200,715
Temporarily restricted:						
Cash and cash equivalents		5,011,601		3,489,221		8,50 0,822
Capital assets (net of accumulated		5,011,001	٠	3,107,221		0,300,022
depreciation):						
Water stock		-		1,852,778		1,852,778
Land, improvements and water rights		4,580,073		2,404,844		6,984,917
Plant and equipment		1,491,307		8,5 58,11 0		10,049,417
Irrigation pond		-, ., ., ., ., .		11,466		11,466
Water tank		_		867,172		867,172
Intangible plant		-		-		-
Buildings		414,050		2,025,871		2,439,921
Distribution system		-		8,043,1 59		8,043,159
Infrastructure		3,780,918		-		3,780,918
Total assets		17,693,484		34,741,196		52,434,680
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		720,003		2,914,861		3,634,864
Deferred revenue		657,136		-		657,136
Interest payable		108,568		154,103		262,671
Noncurrent liabilities:		•		•		,
Due within one year		823,372		627,251		1,450,623
Due in more than one year		4,535,908		10,412,321		14,948,229
Total liabilities		6,844,987		14,108,536		20,953,523
Net Assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of						
related debt		5, 053,1 92		12,916,537		17 ,9 69,729
Restricted for:				•		•
Debt service		92,412		1,149,384		1,241,796
Capital projects		4,538,060		2,339,837		6 ,87 7,897
Legal restrictions		381,787		· •		381,787
Other purposes		186,242		-		186,242
Unrestricted		596,804		4,226,902		4,823,706
Total Net Assets	\$	10,848,497	\$	20,632,660	\$	31,481,157

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006 CITY OF HURRICANE, UTAH Statement of Activities

		4	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Ro	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	es in Net Assets	
			Operating	Capital				
		Charges for	Grants &	Grants &	Gove rame ntal	Business-type		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	
General activities:	\$ 1.183.897	\$ 595.785	\$ 3.875	٠ د	\$ (584,237)	·	\$ (584,237)	
Public safety	, ,	_	•	12.480		•	_	
Highways	1.605.323	808,485	192,312	204,726	(399,800)	•	(399,800)	
Parks and recreation	747,983	527,559	50,927	,	(169,497)	•	(169,497)	
Economic development	313,937		•	•	(313,937)	•	(313,937)	
Interest on long-term debt	207,794	•	•	•	(207,794)	•	(207,794)	
Total governmental activities	7,002,468	2,974,047	315,293	217,206	(3,495,922)	•	(3,495,922)	
Business-type activities:								
Water	1,624,559	3,004,255	•	•	•	1,379,696	1,379,696	
Electric	7,145,326	7,796,940	•	•	•	651,614	651,614	
Golf course	1,342,584	1,369,586	•	•	•	27,002	27,002	
Municipal Building Authority	266,440	336,060	•	•	•	69,620	69,620	
Pressurized Irrigation	76,263	126,181	•	•	•	49,918	49,918	
Drainage	113,081	242,606	•	•	•	129,525	129,525	
Total business-type activities	10,568,253	12,875,628	•	•	•	2,307,375	2,307,375	
	General Revenues:							
	Taxes:							
	Property taxes	Property taxes levied for general purposes	nposes		1,065,925	•	1,065,925	
	Property taxes	Property taxes levied for debt service	e c		754,830	•	754,830	
	Franchise taxes				816,678	•	816,678	
	General sales t	General sales taxes and highway sales taxes	iles taxes		1,857,193	•	1,857,193	
	Licenses, permits, and fees	, and fees			541,587	•	541,587	
	Unrestricted investment earnings	stment earnings			246,736	349,098	595,834	
	Lease payments				98;286	(112,320)	(13,734)	
	Gain.(loss) on sale of assets	e of assets			16, 071	57,714	73,785	
	Miscellaneous				403,968	•	403,968	
	Transfers				•	•	•	
	Total general n	general revenues & transfers			5,801,574	294,492	990'960'9	
	Change in net assets	t assets			2,305,652	2,601,867	4,907,519	
	Net assets - beginning	ing			8,542,845	18,030,793		
	Net assets - ending				\$ 10,848,497	\$ 20,632,660	\$ 31,481,157	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

Assets	General Fund			Debt Service		Other Governmental Funds	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1 ,0 59,8 09	.\$	-	\$	-	
Receivables		63,121		-		-	
Current special assessments receivable		-		14,706		-	
Due from other governments		223,313		-		-	
Due from other funds		-		-		298 ,955	
Prepaid expenses		237,585		-		-	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		181,738		48,478		4,781,385	
Noncurrent special assessments receivable				657,136			
Total assets	\$	1,765,566	\$	720,320	\$	5,080,340	
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	476,491	\$	-	\$	7,195	
Accrued liabilities		188,648		3 9,88 9		• -	
Court Funds Held		7,780		-		-	
Due to other funds		-		-		153,298	
Deferred revenue				65 7,136			
Total liabilities		672,919		697,025		160,493	
Fund Balances:							
Reserved for:							
Debt service		44,625		23,295		-	
Capital outlay		-				4,538,060	
Other		186,242		-		381,787	
Unreserved, reported in:							
General fund		861,780		-		• -	
Special revenue fund		-		_			
Capital projects funds		-		-		-	
Debt service fund		<u>-</u>					
Total fund balances		1,092,647		23,295		4,919,847	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	1,765,566	\$	720,320	\$	5,080,340	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Some liabilities, including bonds payable and capital leases, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Net assets of governmental activities
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Go	Total vernmental Funds
\$	1,059,809 63,121 14,706 223,313 298,955 237,585 5,011,601 657,136
\$	7,566,226
\$	483,686 228,537 7,780 153,298 657,136 1,530,437
	67,920 4,538,060 568,029
	861,780
	- -
	6,035,789
	10,266,348
	(5,453,640) 10,848,497
<u> </u>	10,040,47/

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	 General		Debt Service	Go	Other vernmental Funds
Revenues				_	
Taxes	\$ 3,433,256	\$	-	\$	1 ,0 61,370
Licenses, permits and fees	541,587		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue	502,771		-		-
Charges for services	1,234,696		-		835,494
Fines and forfeitures	393,715		-		-
Sale of capital assets	3,500		-		2
Special Assessments			43 7,6 73		-
Contributions and donations	-		-		25,195
Investment earnings	46,463		52,452		147,821
Other revenues	 184,228		<u> </u>		296,742
Total revenues	 6,340,216		490,125		2,366,624
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	1,351,190		448		53,064
Public safety	2,9 73,736		-		-
Highways	1,054,444				-
Parks and recreation	654,194		-		-
Economic development	_		-		310,385
Debt service:					
Principal	-		489,000		43 4,38 2
Interest	-		45,807		186,479
Capital outlay:					
Street construction	-		-		97,776
Capital outlay	 				170,964
Total expenditures	 6,033,564		535,255		1,253,050
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 306,652		(45,130)		1,113,574
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Lease proceeds	-		-		-
Lease payment	-		-		98,586
Operating transfers in	-		-		311,702
Operating transfers out	 (311,702)				
Total other financing sources and uses	 (311,702)	 -			410,288
Net change in fund balances	(5,050)		(45,130)		1,523,862
Fund balances, beginning of year	 1,097,697		68,425		3,395,985
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,092,647	\$	23,295	\$	4,9 19,847

	Total				
Go	Governmental				
	Funds				
\$	4,494,626 541,587 502,771 2,070,190 393,715 3,502 437,673 25,195 246,736 480,970				
	9,196,965				
	1,404,702 2,973,736 1,054,444 654,194 310,385 923,382 232,286				
	97,7 76 170,9 64				
	7,821,869 1,375,096				
	98,586 311,702 (311,702)				
	98,586				
	1,473,682				
	4,562,107				
\$	6,035,789				

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,

Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 25)	\$ 1,473,682
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	(291,752)
Governmental funds do not report the transfer of nonfinancial resources (such as	
a capital asset) to an enterprise fund as a transfer. However, in the statement of activities, the transfer is reported.	-
In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on sale of capital assets is reported.	
However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets sold.	(64,929
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	
	1,164,158
Accrued interest for long-term debt is not reported as an expenditure for the current	
period in the governmental funds, while it is recorded in the statement of activities.	24,492
Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 21)	\$ 2,305,651

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 2,600,880	\$ 3,317,755	\$ 3,433,256	\$ 115,501
Licenses, permits and fees	286,100	570,775	541,587	(29,188)
Intergovernmental revenue	529,442	528,100	502,77 1	(25,329)
Charges for services	794, 600	1,153,517	1,234,696	81,179
Fines and forfeitures	262 ,800	405,565	393,715	(11,850)
Sale of capital assets	4,000	4,000	3,500	(500)
Investment earnings	16,635	39,940	46,463	6,523
Other revenues	37,725	206,046	184,228	(21,818)
Total revenues	4,532,182	6,225,698	6,340,216	114,518
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	1,068,103	1,397,861	1,351,190	46,671
Public safety	2,155,489	2,9 90,4 44	2,973,736	16,708
Highways	991,754	854,921	1,054,444	(199,523)
Parks and recreation	529 ,351	711,485	654,194	57,291
Total expenditures	4,744, 697	5,954,711	6,033,564	(78,853)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(212,515)	270,987	306,652	35,665
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Lease proceeds	215,000	-	-	_
Operating transfers in	51,000	39,200	-	(39,200)
Operating transfers out	(45,000)	(311,702)	(311,702)	
Total other financing sources and uses	221,000	(272,502)	(311,702)	(39,200)
Net change in fund balances	8,485	(1,515)	(5,050)	(3,535)
Fund balances, beginning of year	1, 097 ,697	1,097,697	1,097,697	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1, 106 ,182	\$ 1,096,182	\$ 1,09 2,6 47	\$ (3,535)

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2006

	Water Fund	Electric Fund	
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 960,416	\$ 3,932,809	
Receivables, net of allowance	181,121	834,292	
Inventory	-	670,141	
Prepaid Expense		62,304	
Due from other funds	-	-	
Due from other governments	-	-	
Bond discounts and issuance costs,			
net of accumulated amortization		138,421	
Total current assets	1,141,537	5,637,967	
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	2,287,992	980,875	
Capital assets:			
Water stock	1 ,579 ,913	-	
Land, improvements and water rights	299 ,760	486,817	
Plant and equipment	641,984	10,793,845	
Irrigation pond	-	-	
Water tank	978,068	-	
Intangible plant	· -	36,780	
Buildings	68,663	28,395	
Distribution system	5,328,134	4,279,369	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(2,028,631)	(5,032,062	
· •	9,155,883	11,574,019	
Total noncurrent assets Total assets	10,297,420	17,211,986	
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	180,206	2,163,685	
Accrued liabilities	9,931	165,338	
Customer deposits	44,370	283, 39 3	
Due to other funds			
	_		
Due to other governments	_	104,666	
Interest payable	47,437	364,814	
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities	281,944	3,081,896	
Total current liabilities	201,744	3,001,070	
Noncurrent liabilities:	47 ,344	13,727	
Leases payable	47 ,344 492 ,501	12,121	
Notes payable	492,301	6,528 ,00 0	
Bonds payable	- (47 427)		
Less current portion of noncurrent liabilities	(47,437)	(364,814 6,176, 9 13	
Total noncurrent liabilities	492 ,408 774,352	9,258,809	
Total liabilities		9,238,809	
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	6,328,046	4,189,838	
Restricted for debt service	-	929,030	
Restricted for capital outlay	2,287,992	51,845	
Unrestricted	90 7,030	2,782,464	
Total net assets	\$ 9,523,068	\$ 7,953,177	

	olf Fund		ipal Building uthority			Totals 2006		
	on Fand	<u>^</u>	dillority	Ente	prise runas		2000	
\$	7 91,9 65	\$	(134,973)	\$	112,778	\$	5,662,995	
•	-	•	(10 1,515)	•	30,672	•	1,046,085	
	-		_				670,141	
							62,304	
	-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-	
			54,286	_			192, 70 7	
	791,965		(80,687)		143,450		7,634,232	
			126,013		94,341		3,489,221	
	-		-		272,865		1,852,778	
	-		2,046,244		-		2,832,821	
	976,84 9		-		-		12,412,678	
	13,0 29		-		-		13 ,029	
	-		-		-		978 ,068	
	-		-		-		36, 780	
	26,368		2,224,690		-		2,348,11 6	
	-		<u>-</u>		2,594 ,183		12,201,686	
	(787,331)		(644,624)		(419,906)		(8,912,554)	
	228,915		3,752,323		2,541,483		27,252,623	
	1,020,880		3,671,636		2,684,933		34,886,855	
	34,69 6 32,9 69		- -		275		2,378 ,862 208 ,238	
	-		-		-		327 ,763	
	145,657		-		-		145, 657	
	-		-		-		-	
	-		21,352		28,085		154,103	
			140,000		75,000		627,251	
	213,322		161,352		103,360		3,841,874	
	_		_		_		61,071	
	_		_		_		492,501	
	_	•	2,855,000		1,103,000		10,486,000	
	_		(140,000)		(75,000)		(627,251)	
	-		2,715,000		1,028,000		10,412,321	
	213,322		2,876,352		1.131,360		14,254,195	
	228,915		825, 596		1,344,142		12,916,537	
	-		126,013		94,341		1,149,384	
	-		-	-	-		2,339,837	
	578,643		(156,325)		115,090		4,226,902	
\$	807,558	\$	795,284	\$	1,553,573	\$	20,632,660	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Water Fund	Electric Fund	Golf Fund
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 1,385,799	\$ 6,885,743	\$ 1,369 ,586
Other revenues	20,309	170,981	
Total operating revenues	1,406,108	7,056,724	1,369,586
Operating expenses:			
Purchased power	-	4,2 10,377	•
Power generation	-	353,142	=
Rent	1,600	7,278	237,186
Salaries and wages	219,706	436,554	403,623
Payroll taxes	24,6 36	4 7,049	45 ,200
Employee benefits	95 ,2 02	129,479	129,313
Distribution system repairs and maintenance	268,65 8	158,836	69 ,806
Equipment repairs and maintenance	7,582	15,276	63 ,980
Truck repairs and maintenance	22,7 19	16,668	-
Tools expense	2,8 31	7,415	2,058
Office expense	-	14,100	-
Gasoline	12,228	12,627	27,920
Insurance	15,183	60,143	12,138
Depreciation	2 44,02 3	671,789	93 ,953
Bad debts	3,0 56	16,939	-
Тејернопе	3,64 1	13,520	4,760
Utilities	1 94,16 6	1,438	18,171
Office supplies	2,29 0	3,570	7,402
Special department supplies	-	76,180	•
Professional services	57,518	117,148	6,990
Trustee fees		-	-
Advertising	•	-	4,037
Franchise payment	-	371,101	-
Travel and training	5,4 15	11,114	501
Miscellaneous	2 59,8 48	51,587	2,595
Sales tax	-	-	78,608
Fertilizer and chemicals	8,628		48,785
Postage and freight	7,375	9,046	_
Credit card expense	-	10,925	16 ,929
Assessments	-	-	-
Tree trimming	-	4,001	-
Water costs	119,735		117 ,229
Total operating expenses	1,576,040	6,827,302	1,391,184
Operating income (loss)	(169,932)	229,422	(21,598)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Connection and impact fees	1,598,147	74 0,216	-
Interest income	112,237	196,272	28,618
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	57,714	-	,
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(48,519)	(318,024)	_
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,719,579	618,464	28,618
Income before contributions and transfers	1,549,647	847,886	7,020
Transfers from other funds	_	-	-
Transfers to other funds	(54,260)	- -	-
Change in net assets	1,495,387	847,886	7,020
Total net assets, beginning of year	8,027,681	7,105,291	800,538
Total net assets, end of year	\$ 9,523,068	\$ 7,953,177	\$ 807,558
Tomi man moneral and or last	ψ	# 1,7JJ,1/1	- 007,000

	ipal Building uthority	Non-Major Enterprise Funds	Totals 2006
\$	336,060	\$ 328,700	\$ 10,305,888 191,290
	336, 060	328,700	10,497,178
	-	-	4,210,377
	-	-	353,142
	-	63,720	309,784
	-	-	1,059,883
	-	-	116,885
	-		353,994
	-	5,563	502,863
	-	-	86 ,838
	-	•	39,387
	•	•	12,304
	<u>-</u>	-	14,100 52, 775
•	3,637	2,550	93,651
	120,535	56,664	1,186,964
	120,333	788	20,783
	_	766	21,921
	_	15,225	229,000
	_	. 13,223	13,262
	_	_	76,180
	_	7 ,587	189,243
	5,984	7,507	5,984
	-		4,037
	-	_	371, 101
	_	_	17,030
	_	36,399	350,429
	_	-	78,608
		-	57,413
	_	_	16,421
	-	-	27,854
	•	15,913	15,913
	-	, -	4,001
	-	-	236,964
	130,156	204,409	10,129,091
	205,904	124,291	368,087
	-	40,087	2,378,450
	4,984	6,987	349 ,098
	-	-	57,714
	(136,284)	(48,655)	(551,482)
	(131,300)	(1,581)	2,233,780
	74, 604	122,710	2,601,867
	-	54,260	54,260 (54,260)
	74,604	176,970	(54,260)
	7 4, 604 7 20, 680	1,376,603	2,601,867 18,030,793
\$	795,284	\$ 1,553,573	\$ 20,632,660
	, , , , , , , , , , ,	1,000,070	20,032,000

CITY OF HURRICANE, UTAH Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers, service fees				ectric Fund
Cash received from customers, service tees	\$	1,328,296	\$	6,749,557
	.	1,320,290	Ð	0,742,337
Cash received from customers, capacity fees		20,309		170,981
and other		(1,034,316)		(4,295,360)
Cash paid to suppliers		(341,890)		(583,306)
Cash paid to employees Net cash provided by operating activities		(27,601)		2,041,872
Net cash provided by operating activities		(21,001)		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Transfers (to) from other funds		(54,260)		-
Advances (to) from other funds		-		168,992
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		(54,260)		168,992
Cash flows from capital and related				•
financing activities:				(550 015)
Principal payments on bonds		(43,827)		(558,217)
Interest paid		(48,519)		(325,886)
Purchase of capital assets		(212,435)		(1,699,087)
Connection and impact fees		1,598,147		740,216
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related				(1.0.40.07.4)
financing activities:		1,293,366		(1,842,974)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest on investments		112,237		196,272
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,323,742		564,162
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,924,666		4,349,522
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$</u>	3,248,408	\$	4,913,684
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Net operating income (loss)	\$	(169,932)	\$	229 ,422
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net				
cash provided by operating activities				
Depreciation/amortization		244,023		671,789
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) Decrease in receivables		(57,503)		(136,186)
(Increase) Decrease in inventory		-		(55,418)
(Increase) Decrease in prepaid expenses		-		(62,304)
(Increase) Decrease in deferred charges		-		12,334
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable		(41,843)		1,352,459
Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities		(2,346)		29,775
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(27,601)	\$	2,041,871
Supplemental Schedule of Non-cash Investing and Financing Activities:				
Contributions of capital assets from government	\$	=	\$	-
Purchase of equipment with payable to another fund	\$	-	\$	_
Capital asset trade-ins	\$	165,436	\$	-

	Golf Fund		cipal Building Authority		Non-Major Enterprise Funds		Totals 2006
\$	1,369,586	\$	336,060	\$	330,762	\$	10,114,261
	-		<u>-</u>		-		19 1,29 0
	(704,732) (572,346)		(4,012)		(197,818)		(6,23 6,23 8)
	92,508		332,048		132,944	_	(1,49 7,542) 2,571, 77 1
	_				54,260		
	(36,416)		(160,416)		(8,576)		(36,416)
	(36,416)		(160,416)		45,684		(36,416)
			(181 000)		(71,000)		(054.044)
	-		(181,000) (137,322)		(71,0 00) (50,618)		(8 54,044) (56 2,34 5)
			-		(114,221)		(2,025,743)
	<u></u>				40,087		2,378,450
	-		(318,322)		(195,752)		(1,063,682)
	28,618		4,984		6,987		349,098
	84,710		(141,706)		(10,137)		1,820,771
	707,255		132,746		217,256		7,331,445
<u>\$</u>	791,965	\$	(8,960)	\$	207,119	<u>\$</u>	9,152,216
\$	(21,598)	\$	205 ,904	\$	124,291	\$	368,087
	93,9 53	•	120,535		56,664		1,186,964
	-		-		2,063		(191,626)
	-		-		-		(55,418)
	-		5,609		-		(6 2,304) 17,943
	14,3 63 5,7 90		-		(50,073)		1,274,906 33,219
\$	92,508	\$	332,048	\$	132,945	\$	2,571,771
\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
\$ \$	-	\$ \$	<u>.</u>	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	- 165, 436
		-		-		•	. 05, 150

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

General

The financial statements of the City of Hurricane, Utah have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the City, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is whether or not the City exercises significant influence over the potential component unit. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on operational or financial relationships with the City. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no separate component units combined to form the reporting entity.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

The accompanying financial statements include all activities of the City.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of the inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit form goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The use of financial resources to acquire capital assets is capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an expenditure. Proceeds from long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term debt of the City are reported as a reduction of a related liability, rather than as expenditures in the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, room taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the collection of special assessments and payment of the bond principal and interest related to the Special Improvement District.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Fund is used to account for the provision of water services to the residents of the City.

The Electric Utilities Fund is used to account for the provision of electricity to the residents of the City.

The Golf Course Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's golf course.

The Municipal Building Authority Fund is used to account for the construction, financing and operation of various assets that will be leased to other funds of the City. The assets include the city office, golf course pond, drainage pond, City fire stations and City swimming pool facilities.

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments to the Redevelopment Agency Fund by the Golf Fund and Pressurized Irrigation Fund for the lease of the golf course and irrigation pond. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services.

Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Deposits and Investments

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, deposits in other types of accounts or cash management pools that have the general characteristics of demand deposit accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The City's policy allows for the investment of funds in time certificates of deposit with federally insured depositories, investment in the state treasurer's pool, and other investments as allowed by the State of Utah's Money Management Act. All investments are carried at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recorded as adjustments to interest earnings. Fair market values are based on quoted market prices.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to" or "due from other funds." All trade accounts receivable in the enterprise funds are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Due to the nature of the accounts receivable in governmental type activities, management does not consider an allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable necessary or material. Therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable is presented.

Inventories and prepaid items

The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Inventories of the business type activities are valued at the lower of FIFO cost or market. Market is considered as replacement cost.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and improvements	40 years
Distribution system and improvements	20 to 50 years
Plant and equipment	5 to 10 years
Infrastructure	20 years
Intangible assets	10 yea rs

Compensated Absences

For governmental funds, amounts of vested or accumulated vacation and comp time that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statement of net assets and as expenses in the government-wide statement of activities. No expenditures are reported for these amounts in the fund financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation and comp time in the proprietary funds are recorded as an expense and a liability of that fund as the benefits accrue to the employees and are thus recorded in both the government-wide financial statements and the individual fund financial statements.

Accumulated unpaid vacation pay and comp time are accrued based upon the City's expected legal obligation as of the statement date. No provision is made for accumulated sick leave because the City is not obligated to pay accumulated sick leave upon termination or retirement.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the applicable debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Estimates

Generally accepted accounting principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect assets and liabilities, contingent assets and liabilities, and revenues and expenditures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets:

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between total governmental fund balances and net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of nets assets. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net assets versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$5,453,640 difference are as follows:

Bonds Payable	\$	4,497,000
Notes Payable	Ψ	-, -1 27,000
Leases Payable		730,364
Compensated absences		131,916
Accrued interest payable		108,568
Less: Deferred amounts		(14,208)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund		(11,200)
balance total governmental funds to arrive at		
changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$	5,453,640

Explanation of differences between governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities:

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The first element of this reconciliation states that capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures while the government-wide statement of activities allocates these costs over the useful lives of the assets as depreciation. While shown in the reconciliation as the net difference, the elements of this \$291,752 difference are as follows:

Capital Outlay	\$ 895,807
Depreciation Expense	(1,187,559)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund	 (-,==,,==)
balance total governmental funds to arrive at	
changes in net assets of governmental funds.	\$ (291,752)

NOTE 2. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Another element of the reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$1,164,158 difference are as follows:

Debt issued or incurred: Capital lease financing	\$ -
Principal repayments: Payments on bonds payable Payments on capital leases Increase in accrued compensated absences	929,448 242,004 (7,294)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balance total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 1,164,158

NOTE 3. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City Council observes the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- (1) Prior to the first meeting in May, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Budgets are required for the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects funds, and the Enterprise Funds.
- (2) Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- (3) Prior to June 22, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- (4) The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments; however, to transfer budgeted amounts between departments requires City Council approval. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved through public hearing by the City Council and can be made at any time during the fiscal year.

NOTE 3. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability, Continued

Budgets for the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Funds are prepared on the modified accrual method of accounting. Budgets for the Enterprise Funds are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Control is maintained at the function level. (i.e. Public Safety, Highways and Public Improvements, etc.) All appropriations lapse at year-end. Utah State law requires budgets to be prepared and reported on for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds. The General Fund budget was amended during the current fiscal year.

Taxes

Property taxes are collected by the Washington County Treasurer and remitted to the City in three installments: July, December, and March. Taxes are levied and are due and payable on November 1 and delinquent after November 30 of each year at which time they become liens if not paid. An accrual of uncollected current and prior year's property taxes has not been made, as the amounts are not material in relationship to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Sales taxes are collected by the Utah State Tax Commission and remitted to the City monthly.

NOTE 4. Deposits and Investments

The State of Utah Money Management Council has the responsibility to advise the State Treasurer about investment policies, promote measures and rules that will assist in strengthening the banking and credit structure of the state and review the rules adopted under the authority of the State of Utah Money Management Act that relate to the deposit and investment of public funds.

The City follows the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act (*Utah code*, Section 51, chapter 7) in handling its depository and investment transactions. The Act requires the depositing of City funds in a qualified depository. The Act defines a qualified depository as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the Federal Government and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposit may not be returned to it. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2006, \$307,699 of the City's bank balance of \$418,426 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

NOTE 4. Deposits and Investments, Continued

Investments

The Money Management Act defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investment for the City and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of the investment securities.

Statutes authorize the City to invest in negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and permitted negotiable depositories; repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; commercial paper that is classified as "first tier' by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investor Services or Standard & Poor's, bankers' acceptances; obligations of the United States Treasury including bills, notes, and bonds; bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness of political subdivisions of the State; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rated "A" or higher, or the equivalent of "A" or higher, by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund as defined in the Act; and the Utah State Public Treasurer's Investment Fund

The Utah State Treasurer's Office operates the Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF). The PTIF is available for investment of funds administered by any Utah public treasurer.

The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act, Section 51-7, *Utah Code Annotated*, 1953, as amended. The Act established the Money Management Council, which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF and details the types of authorized investments. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah, and participants share proportionally in any realized gain or losses on investments.

The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The income, gains, and losses – net of administration fees, of the PTIF are allocated based upon the participant's average daily balance. The fair value of the PTIF investment pool is approximately equal to the value of the pool shares.

As of June 30, 2006, the government had the following investments and maturities:

		Investments Maturities (in Years)								
	Fair	Less			More					
Investment Type	Value	than 1	1-5 6-10		than 10					
Zions Bank										
Treasury Obligations	\$ 1,8 03, 901	\$ 1,803,901	\$	- \$	- \$ -					
State of Utah Public Treasurer's										
Investment Fund	13,327,436	13,327,436		-	-					
Total Fair Value	\$15,131,337	\$15,131,337	\$	- \$	- \$ -					

NOTE 4. Deposits and Investments, Continued

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's policy for managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates is to comply with the State's Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's policy for reducing it exposure to credit risk is to comply with the State's Money Management Act.

At June 30, 2006, the City had the following investments and quality ratings:

		Quality Ratings			
Investment Type	Fair Value	AAA	AA	Α	Unrated
Zions Bank					
Treasury Obligations	\$ 1, 803,9 01	\$ 1,803,901	\$	- \$	- \$ -
State of Utah Public Treasurer's					
Investment Fund	13,327,436	•		-	- 13,327,436
Total Fair Value	\$15,131,337	\$ 1,803,901	\$	- \$	- \$ 13,327,436

NOTE 5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Governmental recoverior	Balance			Balance		
	6/30/2005	Additions	Deletions	6/30/2006		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 3,146,091	\$ 10,400	<u> </u>	\$ 3,156,491		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated:	3,146,091	10,400		3,156,491		
Capital assets, being depreciated:		•				
Improvements	2,196,619	137,274	-	2,333,893		
Plant and equipment	4,511,136	355,234	86,159	4,780,211		
Buildings	58 0,673	-	-	580,673		
Infrastructure	8,856,152	392,900		9,249,052		
Total capital assets, being depreciated:	16,144,580	885,408	86,159	16,943,829		
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Improvements	(792,852)	(117,459)	· -	(910,311)		
Plant and equipment	(2,892,418)	(417,716)	(21,230)	(3,288,904)		
Buildings	(151,681)	(14,942)	-	(166,623)		
Infrastructure	(4,830,693)	(637,442)		(5,468,135)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,667,644)	(1,187,559)	(21,230)	(9,833,973)		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	7,476,936	(302,151)	64,929	7,109,856		
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 10,623,027	\$ (291,751)	\$ 64,929	\$ 10,266,347		

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental Activities:

\$ 2 9,9 39
277,309
763,443
 11 6,8 68
\$ 1,187,559
\$

NOTE 5. Capital Assets, Continued

Business Type Activities:				
	Balance			Balance
	6/30/2005	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	6/30/2006
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Water stock	\$ 1,844,588	\$ 8,190	\$ -	\$ 1,852,778
Land and water rights	<u>267,323</u>	519,254	-	<u>786,577</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,111,911	527,444		2,639,355
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Improvements	2 ,046 ,244	-	-	2,046,244
Plant and equipment	11,221,399	1,419,280	228,000	12,412,679
Irrigation pond	13,029	-	•	13,029
Water tank	935,317	42,751	-	978,068
Intangible plant	36,780	-	-	36,78 0
Buildings	2,348,116	-	-	2,348,116
Distribution system	11,894,417	307,270		12,201,687
Total capital assets, being depreciated	28,495,302	1,769,301	228,000	30,036,603
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements	(363,060)	(64,918)	_	(427,978)
Plant and equipment	(3,182,334)	(686,948)	(14,714)	(3,854,568)
Irrigation pond	(1,303)	(261)	-	(1,564)
Water tank	(63,005)	(47,891)	-	(110,896)
Intangible plant	(36,780)	-	-	(36,780)
Buildings	(260,641)	(61,604)	-	(322,245)
Distribution system	(3,833,183)	(325,343)		(4,158,526)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,740,306)	(1,186,965)	(14,714)	(8,912,557)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	20,754,996	582,336	213,286	21,124,046
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 22,866,907	\$ 1,109,780	\$ 213,286	\$ 23,763,401

NOTE 6. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Governmental activities:

	Balance 6/30/2005		Add	litions	s Retirements		Balance 6/30/2006		Current Portion	
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$	1,589,000	\$	-	\$	87 ,000	\$	1,502,000	\$	34,000
Special assessment bonds		1 ,054, 000		-		489,000		565,000		179,000
Tax increment bonds		2,787,000		-		357,000		2,430,000		375,000
Less deferred amounts:										
For issuance costs		(17,760)		-		(3,552)		(14,208)		-
Total bonds payable		5,412,240		-		929,448	-	4,482,792		588,000
Notes payable		-		-		-		-		-
Capital leases		972,368		-		242, 004		730,364		152,067
Accrued Compensated Absences		124, 622		7,294		-		131,916		83,305
Governmental activity										
Long-term liabilities		6,509,230		7,294		1,171,452		5,345,072		823,372
Business-type activities:										
Revenue bonds	\$	11,269,000	\$	-	\$	783,000	\$	10,486,000	\$	566,000
Less deferred amounts:										
For issuance costs		(120,648)		•		(10,798)		(109,850)		-
For issuance discounts		(90,002)		-		(7,144)		(82,858)		-
Total bonds payable		11,058,350		-		765,058		10,293,292		566,000
Notes payable		521,880		-		29 ,379		492,501		32,135
Capital leases		1 02 ,737		_		41,667		61,070		29,116
Business type activity	_							· ·	_	, -
Long-term liabilities	_	11,682,967		-		836,103		10,846,864	_	62 7,251

The following is a summary of bond transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Bonds Payable at July 1, 2005	\$ 16,699,000
New Bonds Issued	-
Bonds Retired	(1,716,000)
Bonds Payable at June 30, 2006	\$ 14,983,000
-	

NOTE 6.	Long-Term Debt, Continued	
Bor	ds payable at June 30, 2006 are comprised of the following issues:	···········
(1) General	Obligation Bonds:	
Gen	eral Fund:	
	\$470,000, 8/20/96 General Obligation Bond Series 1996	
	due in annual installments of \$28,000 to \$46,000 through	•
	August 1, 2012; interest at 4.5% to 6.35%.	\$ 237,000
Spec	cial Revenue Funds:	
•	\$1,525,000, Limited Obligation Road Bonds Series 1999	
	due in installments of \$240,000 to \$625,000 every five	
	years until 2019; interest at 5.0% to 6.05%.	1,265,000
(2) Special	Assessment Bonds:	
	\$1,585,000, 7/15/98 Special Assessment Bonds (SID 96-1)	
	due in annual installments of \$153,000 to \$198,000	
	through July 15, 2008; interest at 5.3% to 5.4%.	565,000
(3) Revenue	Bonds:	
Stor	m Drainage Bonds:	
	\$345,000 Storm Drainage Bonds due in annual installments of	
	\$14,000 to \$28,000 through August 30, 2015;	
	interest at 6%.	221,000
	\$721,000 Revenue Bonds due in annual installments of \$29,000	
	to \$36,000 through February 2008, interest at 5.15% to 5.50%,	
	with a balloon payment of \$431,000 due February 2018.	501,000
Pres	surized Irrigation Fund:	

381,000

\$586,000, 3/1/92 Revenue Bond due in annual installments of

\$21,000 to \$41,000 through March 1, 2018; interest at 5%.

NOTE 6.	Long-Term Debt, Continued	
Mun	icipal Building Authority:	
	\$2,453,000 Lease Revenue Bonds due in annual installments of	
	\$98,000 to \$197,000 through June 2018; interest at 4.8% to 5.15%.	1 ,81 6,00 0
	\$250,000 Lease Revenue Bonds due in annual installments of	
	\$22,000 to \$32,000 through June 2010; interest at 6%.	117,000
	\$970,000 Lease Revenue Bonds due in annual installments of	
·	\$48,000 to \$86,000 through September 2019; interest at 2.84% to 4.87%.	922,000
Pow	er Fund:	
	\$4,735,000 Revenue Bond due in annual installments of \$170,000 to	
	\$305,000 through October 2015 with a \$1,415,000 payoff in 2019;	
	interest at 4.85% to 5.55%.	3,885,000
	\$2,967,000 Revenue Bonds, Series 2004; due in annual installments	
•	of \$151,000 to \$259,000 through September 2018; interest at 2.4%	
	to 4.8%.	2,643,000
(4) Tax Incre	ement Bonds:	
Rede	evelopment Agency:	
	\$3,765,000, 3/1/93 Tax Increment Bond due in annual installments of	<u>.</u>
	\$180,000 to \$280,000 through March 1, 2013; interest at 3.1%.	1,695,000 [°]
	\$897,000 Tax Increment Bonds, Series 2004; due in annual installments	
	of \$162,000 to \$199,000 through December 2009; interest at 3.9% to 6.2%.	735,000
Tota	ll Bonds Payable	\$ 14,983,000

NOTE 6.	Long-Term Debt, Continued	
Othe	r long-term debt at June 30, 2006 is comprised of the following:	
Leas	ses Payable:	
	Lease payable in installments semi-annually of \$15,197.42 through June 2011, at 5.4% interest.	131,510
	Lease payable in installments quarterly of \$16,659.35 through April 2012, at 4.55% interest.	335,078
	Lease payable in installments quarterly of \$15,372.16 through November 2006, at 2.45% interest.	30,461
		23,132
	Lease payable in installments quarterly of \$6,971.09 through November 2006, at 2.45% interest.	13,727
·	Lease payable in installments annually of \$16,769.58 through October 22, 2008, at 3.1% interest.	47,344
	Lease payable in installments semi-annually of \$19,554.36 through March 23, 2008, at 3.48% interest.	74,930
	Lease payable in installments semi-annually of \$24,265.79 through January 15, 2010, at 3.56% interest.	158,385
	Total Leases Payable	\$ 791,434
<u>Not</u>	es Payable: Note payable to Stratton Brothers, due in monthly installments of \$6,298.08; through July 28, 2006, at 9% interest.	492,501
	Total Notes Payable	\$ 492,501
Acc	rued Vacation and Comp Time Payable:	\$ 131,916
	al Long-Term Debt	\$ 16,398,851
Les	S Current Portion: Business-type Activities Governmental-type Activities	(627,251) (823,372)
Net	Long-Term Debt	\$ 14,948,228

NOTE 6. Long-Term Debt, Continued

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The City is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

The special assessment debt with government commitment listed above is payable from the special assessments levied against and secured by a lien upon the lots, tracts and parcels of land within the district. In the event that the assessments are insufficient to pay the bonds and interest thereon as they become due, the deficiency shall be paid out of the general fund of the City. If the general fund does not have sufficient revenues to pay the debt service, the City council is required to levy a tax sufficient to provide payment of the debt. As of June 30, 2006, there are no delinquent special assessment receivables.

Annual Requirements to Amortize Long-Term Debt June 30, 2006

Fiscal		Redevelor	oment A	Agen	су	Redevelopment Agency			ncy	
Year		Seri	es 199	3		Series 2004				
Ended										
30-Jun	F	Principal		In	terest	P	rincipal		I	nterest
2007	\$	205,000	5	\$	52,545	\$	170,000		\$	36,854
2008		220,000			46,190		178,000			28,098
2009		230,000			39,370		188,000			17,837
201 0		240,000			32,240		199,000			6,16 9
2011		255,000			24,800		-			-
2012		265,000			16,895		-			-
2013		280,000			8,680					
Total	\$	1,695,000	3	<u> </u>	22 0,7 20	\$	735,000		\$	88,958

NOTE 6.	Loi	ng-Term Deb	t, Cont	inued					
Fiscal Year		M unici pal Bui Serie	lding A	uthority		Municipal Building Authority Series 1999			
Ended 30-Jun	P	rincipal		Interest		Principal			Interest
2007	\$	27,000	\$	7,020	•	\$ 113,000		\$	91,911
2008	Ψ	28,000	Ψ	5 ,40 0		Ψ	119,000	Ψ	86,148
2009		30,000		3,720			125,000		80,020
2010		32,000		1,920			131,000		73,582
2011		-		-			138,000		66,836
2012		-		-			145,000		59,729
2013		_		-			153,000		52,261
2014		_		-			161,000		44,382
2015		-		_			169,000		36,090
2016		-		-			178,000		27,387
2017		-		-			187,000		18,220
2018		-		-			197,000		8,589
Total	\$	117,000	\$	18,060	-	\$	1,816,000	\$	645,155
					=				
Fiscal	,	Municipal Bui	lding A	uthority			Pressur	ized Irrig	ration
Year	•	-	s 2004	utilotity				ies 3/1/9:	
Ended		50110	2004		-		561	103 3/ 1/ 7.	
30-Jun	P	rincipal		Interest			Principal		Interest
2007	\$	50,000	\$	38,493	-	\$	24,000	\$	19,000
2008		51,000		36,727			25,000		17,800
2009		53,000		34,742			26,000		16,550
2010		56,000		32,516			28,000		15,250
2011		58,000		30 ,0 70			29,000		13,850
2012		60,000		27,435			30,000		12,350
2013		63,000		24,602			32,000		10,850
2014		66,000		21,563			34,000		9,250
2015		69,000		18,312			35,000		7,550
2016		73,000		15 ,09 9			37,000		5,800
2017		76,000		11,970			39,000		3,950
2018		79,000		8,715			42,000		2,000
2019		82,000		5,334			-		-
20 20		86,000		1,806			-		
Total	\$	922,000	\$	307,383	•	\$	381,000	\$	134,200

NOTE 6.	Lon	g-Term Debi	t, Contii	nued				
Fiscal Year		•	ge Fund s 1997	· 			nage Fund s 8/01/95	
Ended 30-Jun	P	rincipal	1	nterest	<u>P</u>	rincipal	I	nterest
2007	\$	34,000	\$	25,685	\$	17,000	\$	13,260
2008		36,000		23,705		18,000		12,240
2009		-		23,705		19 ,000		11,160
2010		-		23,705	•	20,000		10,020
2011		<u>-</u>		23,705		21,000		8,820
2012				23,705		22,000		7,560
2013		-		23,705		24,000		6,240
2014		-		23,705		25,000		4,800
2015		-		23,705		27,000		3,300
2016.		-		23,705		28,000		140
2017				23,705	•	-		-
2018		431,000		23,705		<u> </u>		-
Total	\$	501,000	\$	286,440	\$	221,000	\$	77,540

NOTE 6.	Long-Term Debt,	Continued
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Fiscal Year		Electric Ut Series	ilities F s 2000	und		Electric Utilities Fund Series 2004		
Ended 30-Jun	р	rincipal		Interest	p	Principal		Interest
2007	\$	195,000	\$	203,583	<u></u> \$	156,000	\$	107,623
2007	Ψ	210,000	Ψ	193,833	Ψ	162,000	Ψ	101,934
2009		215,000		183,333		168,000		95,494
2010		225,000		172,905		176,000		88,352
2011		240,000		161,993		183,000		80,586
2012		255,000		150,233		192,000		72,192
2013		260,000		137,483		201,000		63,151
2014		275,000		124,223		210,000		53,438
2015		290,000		109,923		220,000		43,943
2016		305,000		94,698		229,000		34,850
2017		-		78,533		239,000		25,373
2018		-		78,533		248,000		15,512
2019		1,415,000		78 ,5 33		259,000		5,245
Total	\$	3,885,000	\$	1,767,806	\$	2,643,000	\$	787,691

Fiscal		Special Improvement District						
Year		Nun	n <mark>ber</mark> 96-	1				
Ended		Serie	s 7/15/9	98				
30-Jun	F	rincipal		In	terest			
2007	\$	179 ,00 0	\$	3	30,510			
2008		188,000			20,844			
2009		198,000			10,692			
Total	\$ 565,000 \$			3	62,046			

NOTE 6.	Lon	ng-Term Deb	t, Contii	nued				
Fiscal Year			al Fund 8/20/96		_ Liı	mited Oblig Seri	ation Roades 1999	d Bonds
Ended 30-Jun	Þ	rincipal	1	nterest	Prin	cipal	1	Interest
	-					cipai		
2007 2008	\$	34,000	\$	13,702	\$	-	\$	74,373
2008	·	36,000 38,000		11 ,584 9 ,30 8	2	40,000		74 ,373 74,373
2010		40,000		6,880	2	.40,000		61,413
2010		43,000		4,276		-		61,413
2012		46,000		1,460		_		61,413
2012				1,400	·	_		61,413
2014		_		_	4	00,000		61,413
2015				_	•	-		37,813
2016	•	•		_		-		37,813
2017		_		_		-		37,813
2018		_		_		-		37,813
2019		_		-	6	25,000		37,813
Total	\$	237,000	\$	47,210		65,000	. \$	719,249

NOTE 7. Capital Leases

The City has entered into various lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of an emergency vehicle, backhoe, truck, trailer, fire truck, park and fire property and some golf equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes (title transfers at the end of the lease terms for a nominal \$1 payment) and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under such capital leases, and the present value of net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2006.

(A) Lease of park and fire property. The value of the land is \$232,500. The lease payment is \$15,197.42, paid semi-annually. Interest is accrued at 5.4%.

Fiscal year ended:

6/30/2007	\$	30 ,39 5
6/30/2008		30,395
6/30/2009		30,395
6/30/2010		30 ,39 5
6/30/2011		30,395
Total lease payments		151 ,97 5
Less amount representing interest		(20,465)
Present value of lease	\$	131,510
		

(B) Lease of fire truck and related equipment. The value of the truck and equipment is \$522,759. The lease payment is \$16,659, paid quarterly. Interest is accrued at 4.55%. Accumulated depreciation on the assets is \$323,223.

Fiscal year ended:

6/30/2007	\$ 66 ,63 6
6/30/2008	66 ,63 6
6/30/2009	66 ,63 6
6/30/2010	66,636
6/30 /20 11	66,636
6/30/2012	 66,636
Total lease payments	399,816
Less amount representing interest	 (64,738)
Present value of lease	\$ 335,078

NOTE 7. Capital Leases, Continued

(C) Lease of six Ford F-150 Police vehicles, a Dodge Dakota 4x4, a 5600 Toolcat, a 2004 GMC 1500 truck, and a 2004 GMC 2500 truck, with a down payment of \$51,092. The lease payment is \$22,343, paid quarterly. Interest is accrued at 2.45%. Accumulated depreciation on the assets is \$101,861.

The assets acquired through the capital lease are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Elec tric Fund		
Asset:				
Plant and equipment	\$ 208,244	\$ 55,908		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(79,497)	(22,363)		
Total	\$ 128,747	\$ 33,545		
Fiscal year ended: 6/30/2007 Total lease payments Less amount representing interest Present value of lease	\$ 44,687 44,687 (499) \$ 44,188			

(D) Lease of a Front End Loader. During the year, the upgraded loader financed under the lease was traded for a new loader. The City intends to continue trading loaders each year under a program with the manufacturer. The value of the new loader is \$122,000. The lease payment is \$16,770, paid annually. Interest is accrued at 3.1%. Accumulated depreciation on the asset is \$10,167.

Fiscal year ended:

6/30/2007	\$ 16,770
6/30/2008	16,770
6/30/2009	 16,770
Total lease payments	50,310
Less amount representing interest	 (2,966)
Present value of lease	\$ 47,344

NOTE 7. Capital Leases, Continued

(E) Lease of 5 vehicles used in the Steets, Police, and Fire departments with a down payment of \$33,106. The value of the equipment is \$143,606. The lease payment is \$19,554.36, paid semi-annually. Interest is accrued at 3.48%. Accumulated depreciation on the assets is \$37,588.

Fiscal year ended:

Present value of lease	\$ 74,930
Less amount representing interest	(3,288)
Total lease payments	78,218
6/30/2008	 39,109
6/30/2007	39,109

(F) Lease of a Road Grader and Sweeper Truck with a down payment of \$43,922. The value of the equipment is \$264,422. The lease payment is \$24,265.79, paid semi-annually. Interest is accrued at 3.56%. Accumulated depreciation on the assets is \$62,958.

Fiscal year ended:

Present value of lease	\$ 158,385
Less amount representing interest	 (11,477)
Total lease payments	169,862
6 /30/ 20 10	 48,532
6/30/2009	48,532
6/30/2008	48,532
6/30/2007	24,266

NOTE 8. Interfund Transactions and Balances

Individual fund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2006 were:

Fund	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables		
Capital Project Fund	\$ 153 ,29 8	\$ -		
Redevelopment Agency Fund	145 ,65 7	153,298		
Golf Course Fund	-	145,657		
Electric Fund	-	-		
Municipal Building Authority	-	-		
Pressurized Irrigation Fund	-	-		
Totals	\$ 298,955	\$ 298,955		

The balance of \$153,298 due to the Capital Project Fund from the Redevelopment Agency Fund resulted from predevelopment costs of the Sky Mountain Golf Course loaned from the capital projects fund; \$75,000 of the balance is not scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year.

All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) Interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006, consisted of the following:

	Transfer In:	Transfer Out:
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 311,702
Capital Project Fund	160,402	-
Ambulance Fund	25,00 0	
Small Projects Fund	126,300	-
Pressurized Irrigation Fund	54,260	-
Water Fund	-	54,260
	\$ 365,962	\$ 365,962

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 9. Equity Classifications

Equity is classified in the government-wide financial statements as net assets and is displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net assets consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

In the fund financial statements governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Reserved fund balances are comprised of cash restricted for the following purposes: cemetery funds restricted as to use; flag trust fund money restricted for flag replacement; capital projects funds where amounts are restricted for capital project use only; general fund, special revenue fund and debt service fund money restricted for long-term debt reserves; and enterprise funds restricted for impact fees and long-term debt reserves.

NOTE 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

All full-time employees of the City participate in the Utah State-Wide Local Government Retirement Systems (Systems).

Plan Description

Hurricane City contributes to the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System and the Firefighter's Retirement System cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (Systems). Utah Retirement Systems provide refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Retirement System for employers with (without) Social Security coverage, and Firefighters Retirement System which are for employers with (without) Social Security coverage. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 S., Salt Lake City, UT 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

Funding Policy

In the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Hurricane City is required to contribute 11.09% of their annual covered salary. In the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System, Hurricane City is required to contribute 19.34% of their annual covered salary. In the Firefighter's System, the City contributes 8.61%. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the Systems are authorized by statute and specified by the Board.

NOTE 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan, Continued

The required contributions and amounts received for the 2006 fiscal year and the two previous years are as follows:

Year Ended 6/30	Employee paid contributions	;	Employer paid for employee contributions		Employer contributions		Salary subject to retirement contributions
Noncontributory System	ı:						
Local Governmental I	Division						
2006	N/A		N/A	œ	200 206 20	_	
2005	N/A		N/A	\$	209,286.38	\$	1,887,165.36
2004	N/A		N/A		182,514.61 148,244.51		1,645,755.20 1,541,002.63
Public Safety System:							
Other Division A None	contributory						
2006	N/A		N/A	•			
2005	N/A		N/A N/A	\$	89,004.84	\$	460,208.49
2004	N/A		N/A N/A		87,813.77		460,237.88
•	* 1/2 *		IV/A		65,350.76		402,407.76
Firefighters System:							
Division A							
2006	N/A	\$	21,989.80		3 7/4	_	
2005	N/A	Ψ.	16,223.51		N/A	\$	255,399.70
2004	N/A		16,367.27		N/A		188,426.82
			10,307.27		N/A		199,356.31
Defined Contribution Sys 457 Plan	tem:						
2006 \$	11,399.56	\$					
2005	7,281.56	J	-				
2004	1,300.00		-				
	,		_				
401(k) Plan							
2006 \$	45,325.50	\$	26,898.20				
2005	45,740.55		17,382.64				
2004	38,252.38		18,015.12				

NOTE 11. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Risk financing activities are accounted for in various operating funds, with unallocated or City-wide activities being accounted for in the general fund.

The City maintains insurance for general liability, auto liability, and employee dishonesty through Utah Local Government's Insurance Trust. Worker's compensation coverage is carried through the State Worker's Compensation Fund.

NOTE 12. Individual Fund Disclosures

Segment Information

For information on the enterprise funds, see the proprietary funds' financial statements in the fund financial statements and the combining financial statements in the supplementary section.

NOTE 13. Contingencies and Commitments

Fire Engine

During FY 2006, the City made a commitment for a lease purchase of a new fire engine. The lease purchase will be in the amount of \$397,000, but to date the vehicle has not been received, nor has financing been finalized.

NOTE 14. Sewer and Garbage Contracts

Sewer and garbage disposal services are provided to the residents of the City by the Ash Creek Special Service District and the Washington County Solid Waste Special Service District respectively. The City bills for these services as part of its utility billings and the revenues and corresponding expenditures related to such services are included in the Electric Fund. Amounts due to these entities, if any, are included with accounts payable in the Electric Fund balance sheet.

NOTE 15. Redevelopment Agency

The redevelopment agency was set up by the City and is reported in these financial statements as a blended component unit. The bonds of the agency are not legal obligations of the City and should they become delinquent are not backed by the good faith of the tax base of the City. The Agency is governed by a separate board appointed by the City Council. At this time, the Council has elected to appoint themselves as the governing board. Under the golf course RDA, the golf course was bonded and constructed by the Agency and leased to the City on a year to year lease, renewable each June. The amounts are included in the General Fund. The land, golf course improvements, and buildings are included as governmental capital assets in the statement of net assets. The bonds are also included in the governmental column of the statement of net assets. The agency is accounted for under the modified accrual basis of accounting, the same as the general fund.

The City's redevelopment agency has three project areas. Project Area #1 and #2 were used to develop the Sky Mountain Golf Course and surrounding area. Area #3 was used to develop the Gateway Industrial Park.

The following is information concerning the taxes collected, bonds outstanding and costs expended for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

NOTE 15. Redevelopment Agency, Continued

	<u>Area #1</u>	Area #2	Area #3
Tax increment collected Tax increment paid to taxing entities Outstanding bonds Outstanding loans	\$ 172,564 None \$ 1,695,000 None	None	\$ 300,096 None \$ 735,000 None
Funds expended: Acquisition of property Site improvements Public utilities Administrative costs	None None None None \$ 8,774	None None None None 4 \$ 11,631	None None None None 15,000

COMBINING STATEMENTS

NONMAJOR FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds from the 1/4% sales tax passed by the City voters to be used for transportation-related improvements.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The Redevelopment Agency capital projects fund is used to account for the receipt of property taxes for, and the expenditure of funds for, RDA #1 and #2. These project areas were used to develop the Sky Mountain Golf Course and surrounding area.

The Redevelopment Agency #3 capital projects fund is used to account for the expenditure of funds for the RDA used to develop the area around the Wal-Mart Distribution Center.

The Swimming Pool capital projects fund is used to account for expenditure of funds for swimming pool and recreation related capital expenditures.

The Ambulance capital projects fund is used to account for funds designated for purchase of new ambulances. Funds are set aside every year so that a new ambulance can be purchased at the time one is needed.

The Fire Impact capital projects fund is used to account for the fees received and the expenditures made from Public Safety impact fees. Expenditures are made for capital improvements to Public Safety buildings and facilities.

The Street Impact capital projects fund is used to account for major street projects. This fund accounts for projects that cover more than one fiscal budget year.

The Parks Impact capital projects fund is used to account for the fees received and the expenditures made from Park impact fees. Expenditures are made for capital improvements to existing parks and acquisition of new park property and facilities.

The Capital Improvement capital projects fund is used to account for the expenditures of a CDBG grant for affordable housing. The grant is set up on a revolving fund to purchase, renovate, and sell homes for affordable housing.

The Small Projects capital projects fund is used to account for the expenditures of funds for small multiyear projects. The current funds are for completion of a master plan and animal shelter.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The Pressurized Irrigation Fund is used to account for the provision of pressurized irrigation services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to administration, operations, maintenance, financing, related debt service, and billing and collection

The Drainage Fund is used to account for the construction, financing, and operation and maintenance of a storm drain system within the City.

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CITY OF HURRICANE, UTAH Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

						pital ojects				
	Special Revenue		Redevelopment Agency		Redevelopment Agency #3		Swimming Pool		Am	bulance
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due from other funds		-		145,657		431,595		228,615		85,429
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		381,787		1,218,985 1,36 4,6 42	-\$	431,595	-\$	228,615	\$	85,429
Total assets	\$.	381,787	\$	1,304,042					=-	
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities:					¢		\$	_	\$	_
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	153,298	\$	-	Ψ	_	•	_
Due to other funds				153,298		-				
Total liabilities				133,270				•		-
Fund Balances:										
Reserved for:				1,211,344		431,595		228,615		85,42 9
Capital outlay		381,7 87		1,211,5-1-1		-		-		-
Other Unreserved, undesignated		-		-						
Total fund balances		381,787		1,211,344		431,595	_	228,615	<u>-</u> \$	85,429 85,429
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	381,787	\$	1,364,642	\$	431,595	_\$	228,615	- -	63,449

-	Fire Impact	Street Impact	Parks Impact	Capital Improvement	Small Projects	Total Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	240,043 240,043	\$	\$ 866,894 \$ 866,894	\$ 153,298 84,800 \$ 238,098	\$ - 595,196 \$ 595,196	\$ 298,955 4,399,598 \$ 4,698,553	\$ 298,955 4,781,385 \$ 5,080,340
\$	-	\$ - 	\$ 7,195 - - - -7,195	\$ -	\$ -	7,195 153,298 160,493	7,195 153,298 160,493
\$	240,043 - 240,043 240,043	648,041 648,041 \$ 648,041	859,699 - - 859,699 \$ 866,894	238,098 238,098 \$ 238,098	595,196 - - 595,196 \$ 595,196	4,538,060 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	4,538,060 381,787 - 4,919,847 \$ 5,080,340

CITY OF HURRICANE, UTAH

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Expenditures Separation S					Capita Projec			· 		
Taxes \$ 354,020 \$ 407,234 \$ 300,050 Intergovernmental revenue		•							Amb	ulance
Taxes Intergovernmental revenue Charges for services Sale of capital assets 3	Revenues	e 254.020	\$	407,254	\$	300,096	\$	-	\$	-
Charges for services 3ale of capital assets 3 3 2,76		3 334,020	Ψ	-		-		-		-
Sale of capital assets 3 12,126 44,372 12,213 9,450 2,76		-		-		-		-		-
Contributions and donations 12,126		_		-		-		-		-
Content Cont	Sale of capital assets	_		-		-		_		2.762
Debt Capital outlay Capital outlay		12 126		44,372		•		9 ,450		2,/63
Total revenues 366,146 451,626 603,509 9,453 2,70		12,120		, <u>-</u>		291,200				
Expenditures 366,146 451,626 003,509 51,000	Other revenues									2.762
Current: General government General government Parks and recreation Economic development Debt service: Principal 55,000 195,000 162,000 Principal 75,858 58,590 44,018 Interest Capital outlay: Street construction Capital outlay Total expenditures 145,083 305,740 580,381 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 221,063 145,886 23,128 9,453 2; Other Financing Sources (Uses) Lease payment Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Total other financing sources and uses 221,063 334,472 23,128 9,453 27 Fund balances, beginning of year 160,724 876,872 408,467 219,162 57	Total revenues	366,146		451,626		603,509		9,453		2,763
Current: General government General government Parks and recreation Economic development Debt service: Principal 55,000 195,000 162,000 Principal 75,858 58,590 44,018 Interest Capital outlay: Street construction Capital outlay Total expenditures 145,083 305,740 580,381 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 221,063 145,886 23,128 9,453 2; Other Financing Sources (Uses) Lease payment Operating transfers out Total other financing sources and uses 188,586	Expenditures									
Parks and recreation 21,260 289,125	Current:	. 0.005		_		-		-		-
Debt service: 55,000 195,000 162,000 -	General government	3,820		_		-		-		-
Debt service:		-		21 260		289,125		-		-
Principal Interest 55,000 193,000 193,000 193,000 193,000 193,000 193,000 193,000 193,000 193,000 193,000 193,000 193,000 193,000 193,000 193,000 193,000 193,000 193,000 185,238 185,238 185,238 185,238 183,380 183,380 183,381 183,381 183,381 183,381 183,586	Economic development	-		21,200		-				
Principal 175,858 58,590 44,018 Interest 75,858 58,590 44,018 Capital outlay:	Debt service:	55,000		195 000		162,000		-		-
Interest Capital outlay: Street construction 10,400 30,890	Principal			*.		44,018		-		-
Street construction 10,400 30,890	Interest	13,838		50,550		-				
Total expenditures	Capital outlay:	10 400				85,238		-		-
Capital outlay 145,083 305,740 580,381 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 221,063 145,886 23,128 9,453 2; Other Financing Sources (Uses) 188,586 - - 25,00 Lease payment - - - - 25,00 Operating transfers in Operating transfers out -	Street construction	10,400		30 8 90		-				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 221,063	Capital outlay	_		30,030	. ——					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 221,063		145.092		305.740		5 80,3 81				
Other Financing Sources (Uses) 188,586 25, Lease payment - <t< td=""><td>Total expenditures</td><td>143,083</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Total expenditures	143,083						•		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) 188,586 25, Lease payment - <t< td=""><td>Excess (deficiency) of revenues</td><td></td><td></td><td>1 45 006</td><td></td><td>23 128</td><td></td><td>9,453</td><td></td><td>2,763</td></t<>	Excess (deficiency) of revenues			1 45 006		23 128		9,453		2,763
Lease payment 25, Operating transfers in - Operating transfers out - Total other financing sources and uses - Net change in fund balances 221,063 334,472 23,128 9,453 27 Fund balances, beginning of year 160,724 876,872 408,467 219,162 57 100,724 876,872 431,505 \$ 228,615 \$ 85	over (under) expenditures	221,063		145,880		23,120				
Lease payment 25, Operating transfers in - Operating transfers out - Total other financing sources and uses - Net change in fund balances 221,063 334,472 23,128 9,453 27 Fund balances, beginning of year 160,724 876,872 408,467 219,162 57 100,724 876,872 431,505 \$ 228,615 \$ 85	Other Financing Sources (Uses)			100.506						
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out - - - - - 25 Total other financing sources and uses - - - - 25 Net change in fund balances 221,063 334,472 23,128 9,453 27 Fund balances, beginning of year 160,724 876,872 408,467 219,162 57 -		-		188,586		-		•		25,000
Operating transfers out Total other financing sources and uses - 188,586 - 25 Net change in fund balances 221,063 334,472 23,128 9,453 27 Fund balances, beginning of year 160,724 876,872 408,467 219,162 57 Fund balances, beginning of year 160,724 876,872 431,595 \$ 228,615 \$ 85		-		-		_		_		
Total other financing sources and uses Net change in fund balances 221,063 334,472 23,128 9,453 27 Fund balances, beginning of year 160,724 876,872 408,467 219,162 57										
Net change in fund balances 221,063 334,472 23,128 9,453 27 Fund balances, beginning of year 160,724 876,872 408,467 219,162 57	•			188,586		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		25,00
Fund balances, beginning of year 160,724 876,872 408,467 219,162 57		221,063		334,472		23,128		9,453		27,76
Fund balances, degrining of your		160,724		876 ,872	<u> </u>	408, 467		219,162	_	57,66
Fund balances, end of year \$ 381,787 \$ 1,211,344 \$ (5.39)		\$ 381,787	_	1,211,344	\$	431,595	_\$_	228,615	<u> </u>	85,42

Fire Impact	Street Impact	Parks Impact	Capital Improvement	Small Projects	Total Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ - -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- \$ -	\$ 707,350	\$ 1,061,370
96,0 07 -	355 ,659 -	383,828		· .	835,494	835, 494
11,748	4,461 5,542	25,192 32,693	3,530 	· <u>-</u>	2 25,195 135,695 296,742	2 25,195 147,821 296,742
107,755	365,662	441,713	3,532	14,465		2,366,624
12,336 -	20,300	6,767	-	9,836	49 ,239	53,064
-	-	-	-	•	310,385	310,385
7,364 2,63 6	-	15,018 5,377	- -	-	379,382 110,621	434,382 186,479
1,262	2,138	138,812	-	-	87,376 170,964	97,776 170,964
23,598	22,438	165,974		9,836	1,107,967	1,253,050
84,157	343,224	275,739	3,532	4,629	892,511	1,113,574
(90,000)	160,402	- - -	- -	126,300	98,586 311,702	98,586 311,702
(90,000)	160,402	-		126,300	410,288	410,288
(5,843)	503,626	275,739	3,532	130,929	1,302,799	1,523,862
245,886	144,415	583,960	234,566	464, 267	3,235,261	3,395,985
240,043	\$ 648,041	\$ 859,699	\$ 238,098	\$ 595,196	\$ 4,538,060	\$ 4,9 19,847

CITY OF HURRICANE, UTAH Combining Statement of Net Assets Non-Major Enterprise Funds June 30, 2006

•		essurized ation Fund	Drai	inage Fund	Total Non-Major		
ssets							
Current assets:	\$	8	\$	112,770	\$	112,778	
Cash and cash equivalents	•	12,194		18,478_		30,672	
Receivables, net of allowance		12,202		131,248		143,450	
Total current assets							
Noncurrent assets:		<u>.</u>		94,341		94,341	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents							
Capital assets:		272,865		-		272,865	
Water stock		861,755		1,732,428		2,594,183	
Distribution system		(224,846)		(195,060)		(419,906)	
Less: Accumulated depreciation		909,774		1,631,709		2,541,483	
Total noncurrent assets		921,976		1,762,957		2,684,933	
Total assets		721,770					
Liabilities							
Current liabilities:		275		_		275	
Accounts payable		275		_		_	
Due to other funds				21,752		28,085	
Interest payable		6,333		51,000		75,000	
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities		24,000		72,752		103,360	
Total current liabilities		30,608		12,132			
Noncurrent liabilities:		000		722,000		1,103,000	
Bonds payable		381,000				(75,000	
Less current portion of noncurrent liabilities		(24,000)		(51,000) 671,000		1,028,000	
Total noncurrent liabilities		357,000		743,752		1,131,360	
Total liabilities		387,608	-	/43,732		1,151,50	
Net Assets							
		528,774		815,368		1,344,14	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		J26,11 4		94,341		94,34	
Restricted for debt service		_		-			
Restricted for capital outlay		- 5,594		1 09, 496		115,09	
Unrestricted		3,394	- -	1,019,205		1,553,57	

CITY OF HURRICANE, UTAH Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Non-Major Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Pr	essurized				Total
Operating revenues:	Irrig	ation Fund	_Dr	ainage Fund	_	Non-Major
•					_	
Charges for services	\$	102,252	\$	226,448	\$	328,700
Other revenues		<u> </u>			-	320,700
Total operating revenues		102,252		226,448		328,700
Operating expenses:					· –	328,700
Purchased power						
Power generation		-		-		-
Rent		(2.720		-		
Salaries and wages		63,720		-		63,720
Payroll taxes		=		-		-
Employee benefits		•		-		-
Distribution system repairs and maintenance		5,563		-		-
Equipment repairs and maintenance		دەد,د		-		5,563
Truck repairs and maintenance		-		-		-
Tools expense		- -		-		•
Office expense		-		-		-
Gasoline		_		-		-
Insurance		1,142		1,408		2.550
Depreciation		17,235		39,429		2,550 56.664
Bad debts		200		588		5 6,66 4 78 8
Telephone		_		-		788
Utilities		15,225				15 225
Office supplies				_		15,225
Special department supplies		-		-		<u>-</u>
Professional services		1,218		6,369		7,58 7
Trustee fees		-		•		
Advertising		-				
Franchise payment Travel and training		-		-		_
Miscellaneous		-		-		_
Sales tax		-		36,399		36 ,39 9
Fertilizer and chemicals		-		-		-
Postage and freight		-		-		-
Credit card expense		-		-		-
Assessments				-		-
Total operating expenses		15,913				15,913
Operating income (loss)		120,216		84,193		204,409
onoperating revenues (expenses):		(17,964)		142,255		124,291
Connection and impact fees Interest income		23,929		16,158		40,087
Interest income Interest expense and fiscal charges		-		6,9 87		6,987
		(19,767)		(28,888)		(48,655)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		4,162		(5,743)		(1,581)
Income before contributions and transfers		(13,802)		136,512		122,710
ransfers from other funds		54,260		-		54,260
Change in net assets		40,458		136,512		176,970
otal net assets, beginning of year		493,910		882,693		1,376,603
otal net assets, end of year	\$	534,368		1,019,205		1,553,573

CITY OF HURRICANE, UTAH Combining Statement of Cash Flows Non-Major Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		essurized gation Fund	_			Fotal n-Major	
Cash flows from operating activities:	\$	105,843	\$	224,919	\$	330,762	
Cash received from customers, service fees	Ψ	100,0 1-	•				
Cash received from customers, capacity fees		-		-		-	
and other		(125,107)		(72,711)		(197,818)	
Cash paid to suppliers Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(19,264)		152,208		132,944	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		54.060				54,260	
Transfers (to) from other funds	•	54,260		-		(8,57 6)	
Advances (to) from other funds		(8,576)			_	45,684	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		45,684			-	45,001	
Cash flows from capital and related							
financing activities:		(22,000)		(49,00 0)		(71,000)	
Principal payments on bonds		(20,151)		(30,467)		(50,618)	
Interest paid		(8,190)		(106,031)		(114,221)	
Purchase of capital assets		23,929		16,158		40,087	
Connection and impact fees		23,727					
Net cash used by capital and related		(26,412)		(169,340)		(195,752)	
financing activities:		(20,112)					
Cash flows from investing activities:				6,987		6,987	
Interest on investments							
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		. 8		(10,145)		(10,137)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year				217,256		217,256	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	8	<u>\$</u>	207,111	<u>\$</u>	207,119	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:					•	124 201	
Net operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income to net	\$	(17,964)	\$	142,255	\$	124,291	
cash provided by operating activities Depreciation/amortization		17,235		39, 429		56, 664	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		3,591		(1,528)		2,063	
(Increase) Decrease in receivables		(22,126)	1	(27,947)		(50,073	
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable							
Net cash provided by operating activities	_\$_	(19,264)	\$	152,209	. =	132,945	

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF HURRICANE, UTAH Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds By Source

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Balance June 30, 2005		A	Additions		Deletions		Balance ne 30, 2006
Capital Assets								
Land, improvements and water rights	\$	5,342,709	\$	147 ,674	\$	-	\$	5,490,383
Plant and equipment		4,511,136		355,234		86,159		4,78 0,211
Bui ld ings		580,673		-		-		580,673
Infrastructure		8,856,153		392,900				9,24 9,053
	\$	19,290,671	\$	895,808	\$	86,159	\$	20,100,320
Investment in Capital Assets From								
General city revenues, grants, and bonds	\$	19,290,671	\$	895,808	\$	86,159	\$	20,100,320
Contributions from incorporation								
;	_\$	19,290,671	\$	895,808	\$	86, 159	<u>\$</u>	20,100,32

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CITY OF HURRICANE, UTAH Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds By Function and Activity For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Functions and Activity	Jui	June 30, 2006		Land and Improvements		nd equipment
General government City council City manager Court Personnel Other - unclassified	\$	4,377 3,293 9,086 75,526 1,098,570	\$	- - - 527,548	\$	4,377 3,293 9,086 75,526 569,326
Public safety Police Fire Ambulance Animal control		875,599 1,820,426 429,929 47,015		16,000 6,942 -		859,599 1,813,484 429,929 47,015
Highways Airport Maintenance Street system Other - unclassified		594,867 707,908 9,477,885 211,460		594,867 - 308,657 102,939		707,908 28,696
Parks and recreation Golf Other - unclassified		3,502,968 1,241,411		3,002,968 930,462		231,972
Total governmental funds capital assets	_\$	20,100,320	\$	5,490,383	\$	4,78 0,211

	Buildings		Infrastructure
\$		6	
Ψ	-	\$	-
	-		-
	-		-
	1.606		-
	1,69 6		-
	-		-
	-		-
	-		-
	-		-
	_		
	_		-
	_		9,140,532
	_		
	_		108,521
	500,000		_
	78,977		_
\$	580,673	\$	9,249,053

CITY OF HURRICANE, UTAH

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes By Function and Activity For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Functions and Activity		Balance June 30, 2005		Additions		Deletions		Balance e 30, 2006
General government					_		s	4,377
City council	\$	4,377	\$	-	\$	-	J	3,293
City manager		3,293						9,086
Court		9,086		- -		15		75,526
Personnel		67,841		7,700		15		1,098,570
Other - unclassified		970,892		127,678		15		1,190,852
Total general government		1,055,489		135,378		1	<u> </u>	1,170,052
<u> </u>				•				
Public safety		752,661		122,938		_		875,599
Police		1,791,634		28,792				1,820,426
Fire		422,385		21,688		14,144		42 9,9 29
Ambulance		47,015		21,000		-		47,015
Animal control		3,013,695		173,418		14,144		3,172,969
Total public safety		3,013,093		175,116				
Highways								594,867
Airport		594,867		-		66,000		707,908
Maintenance		689,531		84,377	•	00,000		9,477,885
Street system		9,045,889	•	431,996		-	•	211,460
Other - unclassified		211,460				66,000		10,992,120
Total highways	1	10,541,747		516,373		00,000		10,772,120
Parks and recreation								
		3,502,968				-		3,502,968
Golf Other - unclassified		1,176,772		70,639		6,000		1,241,411
Total parks and recreation		4,679,740		70,639		6,000		4,744,379
Total governmental funds capital assets	<u>\$</u>	19,290,671	\$	895,808	\$	86,159	<u>\$</u>	20,100,320

FEDERAL AND STATE REPORTS

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Independent Auditors' Report on
Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and other Matters
Based on an Audit of Basic
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance
with Government Auditing Standards

MEMBERS:
KRIS J. BRAUNBERGER
DEAN R. BURDICK
ROBERT S. COX
BRENT R. HALL
KENNETH A. HINTON
MORRIS J. PEACOCK
MICHAEL K. SPILKER
MARK E. TICHENOR

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Hurricane, Utah 84737

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hurricane, Utah, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City of Hurricane, Utah's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 20, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Hurricane City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hurricane City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of

80

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590 W. Mesquite BLVD., Suite 201
Mesquite, NV 89024
Office (702) 346-3462
FAX (702) 346-3464

laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information of the mayor, audit committee, management, and various federal and state agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

While these reports are intended to be used by the specified parties, which include the applicable government regulatory bodies which require the reports, this report restriction does not alter the fact that the audit reports are public documents which, based on Utah laws, must be open to inspection by any interested person.

Hat, Burchek, Hall & ofpiker, PLLC

HINTON, BURDICK, HALL & SPILKER, PLLC October 20, 2006

Independent Auditors' Report on State Legal Compliance

MEMBERS:
KRIS J. BRAUNBERGER
DEAN R. BURDICK
ROBERT S. COX
BRENT R. HALL
KENNETH A. HINTON
MORRIS J. PEACOCK
MICHAEL K. SPILKER
MARK E. TICHENOR

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Hurricane, UT 84737

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Hurricane, Utah, for the year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated October 20, 2006. As part of our audit, we have audited the City of Hurricane's compliance with the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; and special tests and provisions applicable to each of its major State assistance programs as required by the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide for the year ended June 30, 2006. The City received the following major State assistance programs from the State of Utah:

C Road Funds (Department of Transportation) Liquor Law Enforcement (State Tax Commission)

Our audit also included testwork on the City's compliance with those general compliance requirements identified in the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide, including:

Public Debt
Cash Management
Purchasing Requirements
Budgetary Compliance
Property Tax
Liquor Law Enforcement
Justice Courts
Other General Compliance Issues
Department of Commerce
B & C Road Funds
Impact Fees & Other Development Fees
Asset Forfeiture

The management of the City of Hurricane is responsible for the City's compliance with all compliance requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

82

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material non-compliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The results of our audit procedures disclosed immaterial instances of non-compliance with the requirements referred to above, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and recommendations. We considered these instances of non-compliance in forming our opinion on compliance, which is expressed in the following paragraph.

In our opinion, the City of Hurricane, Utah, complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above and the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; and special tests and provisions that are applicable to each of its major State assistance programs for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Hinton, Burdick, Hall & Spilker, PHC

HINTON, BURDICK, HALL & SPILKER, PLLC October 20, 2006



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

MEMBERS:
KRIS J. BRAUNBERGER
DEAN R. BURDICK
ROBERT S. COX
BRENT R. HALL
KENNETH A. HINTON
MORRIS J. PEACOCK
MICHAEL K. SPILKER
MARK E. TICHENOR

Clark Fawcett
Honorable Mayor
And City Council
Hurricane, UT 84737

Ladies and Gentlemen:

During our audit of the funds of Hurricane City for fiscal year 2005-2006, we found several weaknesses discussed in prior years that have been improved upon. We would like to compliment those city personnel responsible for the improvements. However, we also discovered two state laws the City had not complied with. They are discussed below for your consideration.

1. Finding – City Treasurer's Bond

<u>Utah Code Annotated</u>, 1953, as amended, Section 51-7-15 and Rule 4 of the Utah Money Management Council requires that the city treasurer be bonded at certain levels, based on budgeted City revenues. Currently the city treasurer is bonded for \$650,000. Due to continued growth in the City's budget, the bond amount is no longer adequate.

Recommendation

We suggest the City increase the city treasurer's bonding amount to at least \$1,000,000.

2. Finding - Budgeted Property Tax Revenue

State Law requires that the City's budgeted property tax revenues equal the amount shown on the TC-693 Tax Rate Summary in the "Budgeted Revenue" column. The City's budget for property tax does not equal the amount shown on the TC-693.

Recommendation

We recommend that the City ensure that the budgeted property tax revenues equal the amount shown on the TC-693 Tax Rate Summary in the "Budgeted Revenue" column.

84

3. Finding-Remittance of Justice Court Funds

Utah Code Section 51-4-2(4) (a) states that all justice courts, having funds due to the State or any political subdivision, shall on or before the 10th day of the month, pay all funds receipted within the preceding month to the appropriate public treasurer. The check remitting the January 2006 surcharge monies from court fines was dated February 13, 2006.

Recommendation

We recommend that the appropriate funds be remitted to the State according to State law by the 10th of each month.

4. Finding-Budget Compliance

The Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Cities requires Cities to restrict expenditures to the authorized departmental budget. The General Fund "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual" identifies the over-expended department.

Recommendation

We recommend that the City operate within the confines of State law by limiting expenditures or following proper procedures to adjust the departmental budgets.

This letter is intended solely for the use of the City Council and management.

It has been a pleasure to be of service to the City this past year. We would like to express special thanks to each member of the staff who assisted us so efficiently in this year's audit. We found each member of the staff to be very helpful and cheerful. Particularly, a great deal of time was required by the city manager, Clark Fawcett. We felt that he made himself available whenever and wherever needed despite difficult time constraints. This certainly facilitated the preparation of the audit report.

We look forward to a continued pleasant professional relationship.

Sincerely,

Flints, Burdick, Hall & Spilker, PLLC

HINTON, BURDICK, HALL & SPILKER, PLLC October 20, 2006



City of Hurricane

Larry LeBaron **Ethelyn Humphries** Mike Jensen **Dave Sanders**

Clark R Fawcett

<u>Thomas B Hirschi</u>

Glenwood Humphries

City Manager

Council Members Mayor

AUDIT MANAGEMENT LETTER RESPONSE

- We have been increasing the treasurers bond every year. We just adjusted it again in October to get back into compliance.
- This is almost imposible to correct given the current system. The city is required to adopt it's budget by the 22nd of June. The State and County are by suppose to have the forms to the City in early June. If this sytem worked the City could determine the right figure to budget and the budgetd amount and the TC-693 would match. As it is we didn't get our TC-693 until mid July after the budget was adopted. There was no way to make the two figures match at that point. We always budget higher than expected for property taxes so we don't lose taxes and then when the TC-693 comes in we adjust the amount budgeted to actual. I don't know how to fix this problem unless the State and County are required to speed up the process and get their work done on time.
- 3. We try very hard to make sure these are remitted on time. The court clerk responsible for this retired in December and we were training a new clerk in Januray. Since then they have been in on
- We watch each department closely throughout the year and monitor the budget to actual status. We held the appropriate public hearings to open the budget for those departments that required additional funds. The last review showed all funds in compliance with budget. We thought that all funds were within their budget allowances. We will be more careful in our examination of the budget in the future so that no departments go over budget

STATISTICAL SECTION

CITY OF HURRICANE

NOTES TO STATISTICAL SECTION

Note 1. Statistical Information.

Water Connections Power Connections	4,118 5,11 4
Water Usage Power Usage	894,337,000 gallons 79,460,111 kilowatt hours
Residential Water Rates	Minimum \$16.00 Plus \$.70 to \$.90 per 1,000 Gallons depending on usage based on conservation
	Minimum \$18.00 Plus \$1.50 to \$1.90 per 1,000 Gallons depending on usage based on conservation.
Residential Power Rate	Base Rate \$7.00 Plus \$.0700 per kilowatt up to 800 kwh \$.0800 per kilowatt up to 2,000 kwh \$.0900 per kilowatt above 2,000 kwh

Note 2. Insurance Coverage.

Insurance coverage for Hurricane city for fiscal year 2006 was as follows:

<u>Insurer</u>	Insurance Type	Amount of Coverage	Policy <u>Number</u>
Utah Local Government Trust	General Liability Auto Liability	2,000,000 2,000,000	TGL 165 TGL 165
Utah Local Government Trust	Police Station Fire Station Shop Museum Power Office Golf Maintenance Sho	240,780 374,130 215,900 436,220 133,450 op 178,480 650,000	TGL 165

	City Office Golf Pro Shop Power Generation Animal Shelter	850,000 414,840 2,920,830 272,240	
Utah Local Governments Trust	Workers Compensati	on	
IHC	Health		LG-1002
Utah Local Governments Trust	Auto & Equipment	2,000,000	TGL 165
Utah Local Governments Trust	Airport Liability	1,000,000	TGL 165
Utah Local Governments Trust	Treasurer's Bond Recorder's Bond Employee Blanket Bo	650,000 40,000 and 10,000	TGL 165
Utah Local Governments Trust	Ambulance Services	2,000,000	TGL 165
Utah Local Governments Trust	Police Department	2,000,000	TGL 165
Utah Local Governments Trust	Public Officials E&O	2,000,000	TGL 165

HURRICANE CITY SCHEDULE OF IMPACT FEES June 30, 2006

	·		RODEO	100,000.00	,	
			GRANDPA'S <u>Pond</u>	\$150,000.00 \$100,000.00		
s are Planned	600 NORTH	\$50,000.00 \$129,171.47	C <u>TRAILS</u>	\$50,000.00		
the Impact Fee	700 WEST	\$50,000.00	2600 WEST PROPERTY	\$70,385.71		
Capital Projects for which the Impact Fees are Planned	1380 WEST	\$50,000.00	NEW BASEBALL <u>FIELDS</u>	\$200,000.00	FIRE STATION #2 PAYMENT	\$44,000.00
Capita	2260 WEST	\$150,000.00	200 WEST P	\$50,000.00	FIRE STATION #1 PAYMENT	\$25,000.00
	100 NORTH	\$50,000.00	3 FALLS RESTROOM	\$250,000.00	POLICE STATION	\$177,847.05
Balance		\$429,171.47		\$204,569.36 \$114,502.99 \$4,828.00 \$164,844.29 \$551,902.01 \$870,385.71		\$181,441.35 \$212,183.27 -\$502,779.00 \$246,847.05
Expenses		\$0.00		\$118,914.95 \$196,696.75 \$149,052.09 \$264,072.68 \$98,037.39		\$0.00 \$0.00 \$771,303.75 -\$633,809.94 \$122,620.96
Interest		\$2,574.15		\$5,473.58 \$2,354.76 \$1,158.38 \$12,209.40 \$32,693.09		\$4,713.16 \$4,557.92 \$1,846.48 \$5,101.80 \$11,748.17
Impact Fees		\$426,597.32		\$23,375.00 \$84,667.00 \$307,910.00 \$638,921.00 \$383,828.00		\$18,925.00 \$26,184.00 \$54,495.00 \$125,580.00 \$96,007.10
	STREETS FUND 42	6/30/2006	PARKS FUND 43	6/30/2002 6/30/2003 5 6/30/2004 6/30/2005 6/30/2006	PUBLIC SAFETY FUND 44	6/30/2002 6/30/2003 6/30/2004 6/30/2005 6/30/2006

SCHEDULE OF IMPACT FEES **HURRICANE CITY** June 30, 2006

Impact

Balance Expenses Interest Fees

Capital Projects for which the Impact Fees are Planned

	\$15,488.54 \$11,655.88 \$12,097.86
	\$262,898.00 \$247,603.00 \$390,895.00
WATER FUND 51	6/30/2002 6/30/2003 6/30/2004

EAST BENCH BENCH LAKE TANK

WATERLINE 1380 WEST

SAND HOLLOW TANK

> \$740,122.14 \$515,927.15 \$661,820.59 \$502,581.53 \$113,365.44 \$215,300.20 \$1,086,217.42 \$1,397,885.80 \$73,840.18 \$1,154,171.00 \$45,151.73 6/30/2005 6/30/2006

\$849,513.25 \$146,352.62

\$650,000.00 \$2,287,991.92 \$962,618.56

\$404,991.92

\$650,000.00

BOND PAYMENT BRENTWOOD SUBSTATION

SOUTH FIELDS

SUBSTATION

\$583,000.00

6 ELECTRIC

FUND 53

SUBSTATION **GATEWAY** \$179,196.25 \$545,122.20 \$642,303.77 \$4,527.00 \$257,927.78 \$18,450.04 6/30/2002 6/30/2003

\$90,475.36 \$51,844.43 -\$67,892.27 \$660,123.36 \$701,290.07 \$661,214.81 \$3,959.43 \$5,929.70 \$604,773.00 \$17,810.88

\$853,728.00

\$232,745.00 \$368,986.00

> 6/30/2004 6/30/2005 6/30/2006

\$219,285.66

\$197,182.59

\$51,844.43